

*Administration
Report of the Manipur
1937-38*

ADMINISTRATION REPORT
OF THE
MANIPUR STATE
FOR THE YEAR
1937-38.

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ADMINISTRATION REPORT

1937-38.

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CHAPTER 1.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

The Manipur State lies between Latitude 23° 50' and 25° 30' North, and
Longitude 93° 10' and 94° 30' East, and is bounded on
Geographical. the North by the Naga Hills ; on the East by Burma,
on the South by the Lushai Hills and Burma, and on the West by Cachar.
The area of the State is 8,638 square miles, some 700 of which form the
central valley of Manipur, which is inhabited by Meiteis, Manipuri Musal-
mans, Lois, Foreigners and some Nagas, such as Kabuis, Marings etc. etc., while
the remaining area of over 7,938 square miles consists of mountainous and
hilly country inhabited by Nagas, Kukis and other hill tribes.

The valley is about 2,600 feet above sea level with drainage from
North to South and the highest mountains in the Hill area rise to nearly
10,000 feet above sea level.

The principal rivers in the State are the Imphal and Barak, the
former with its tributaries draining the valley, the hills immediately
surrounding it and the Southern Hills and the latter draining the Northern
and Western Hills. The Imphal river flows through the Chin Hills and
the Kale valley into the Chindwin river of Burma and the Barak river
flows through Cachar and the Surma Valley into the lower Brahmaputra.

The valley of Manipur is dotted with lakes and marshes many of
which dry up in the hot weather, but there are a number of large
akes which retain water throughout the year, the largest being the
Loktak which is some 8 miles in length and 5 in breadth after the
annual rains.

Statements for the temperature and rainfall will be found in Appendices
II and III.

2. According to the census for 1931, the population of the State is 4,45,606, of whom 2,89,843 are inhabitants of the Population. Valley, 1,50,839 of the Hills, and 4,924 of Jiribam. The population of Imphal and its suburbs is 95,668.

3. The revenue of the State during the last five years averages Revenue. Rs. 8,71,600. The State had Rs. 3,17,000 invested in Government Bonds. The State paid tribute of Rs. 30,000 to the Government of India during 1937-38.

Sreela Sree Astottara Satajukta Manipureswar His Highness Maharaja Sir Chura Chand Singhjee Bahadur K. C. S. I., Ruling Family. C. B. E. Bhakta Rajarshi Sree Kunda Seva Binoda Dharma Palaka Beerchuramani Dampingamba Huyen Langsaiphaba Goura Bhakti Rasarnaba has six wives and has three daughters by the Maharani, three sons by the second Rani, one son (adopted by the Maharani), and two daughters by the third Rani, one son by the fifth Rani and one son and one daughter by the sixth Rani.

His Highness came to the Gadi in 1891 with the title of Raja and a salute of 11 guns. He was educated at the Mayo College Ajmer and assumed ruling powers in 1908.

His Highness was awarded the C. B. E. in 1917 and was given the hereditary title of Maharaja in 1918. In 1934 His Highness was created Knight Commander of the Star of India.

The eldest son of His Highness, Maharajkumar Bodh Chandra Singh, is 30 years of age. He went with his younger brother Maharajkumar Priyabrata Singh to England in 1922 and married in 1929. In August 1934 His Highness the Maharaja was regrettably compelled to send him into exile, and with the consent of the Government of India he took up his residence in Benares. This year the Maharajkumar was pardoned by His Highness and returned to the State on 1st November 1937.

Maharajkumar Priyabrata Singh, second son of His Highness, secured the degree of Bachelor of Arts of the Allahabad University in 1934; and the third son Maharajkumar Lokendra Singh passed the Chiefs' Colleges Higher Diploma (Intermediate) Examination of 1935-36 from the Mayo College at Ajmer and during 1936-37 he was sent to Shillong to undergo Military training and complete the course. The fourth son Maharajkumar Jai Singh adopted son by the Maharani joined Mayo College during the year 1935-36 and is still studying there.

5. The undermentioned officials visited the State in June 1937 :—

Notable Visitors.

- (1) His Excellency Sir R. N. Reid, K. C. S. I., K. C. I. E., I. C. S., Governor of Assam in January, 1938.
- (2) Major General G. I. M. Lindsay, C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O., Commander, Presidency and Assam Districts, in February, 1938.
- (3) R. C. R. Cumming, Esqr., I. P., Inspector General of Police, Assam, in June, 1938.
- (4) Colonel E. S. Phipson, I. M. S., Inspector General of Civil

Hospitals and Prisons, Assam, in April, 1938.

- (5) F. E. Cormack, I. S. E., Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle, Assam, in June, 1938.
- (6) Mr. S. C. Gupta, M. A. (Cantab), Comptroller of Assam, in February, 1938.
- (7) J. Pratt. Johnson Esqr., M. B. E., Deputy Post Master General, Bengal and Assam Circle in May, 1938.
- (8) Mr. Ali Ahmed, B. A., I. S. E., Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle, Assam, in September, 1937.
- (9) Dr. S. R. Pandit, Officer-in-charge Cholera Enquiry at Shillong in April, 1938.

The Darbar held 39 Administrative meetings and 126 Judicial meetings during the year.

7. His Highness the Maharaja spent 28 days touring in the State, visiting Kokhai, Sangomsang and Mayang Imphal. His Tours. His Highness spent 143 days touring in British India in various places such as Nabadwip, Calcutta etc. etc. His Highness left for Nabadwip, Calcutta etc. on 25-12-36 and returned on 8-9-37. His Highness left again for Nabadwip on 7-3-38 returning on 20-5-38.

The President was on tour for 51 days in the valley.

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CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND REVENUE.

1. Srijut Rajkumar Setu Singh, B. A. was in complete charge of the Land Revenue Office including Field Staff up to the ~~Charges and tour.~~ end of August, 1937 as Sub-Deputy Collector. From 1st September, 1937 Srijut Sarat Chandra Baruah, B. A., Sub-Deputy Collector took over charge of the Land Revenue Collection Office his principal duties being the collection of Land Revenue, disposing of cases having concern with Land Revenue collection, Land sale cases and settling shop sites in roadside land. He was on tour for 100 days.

Srijut Rajkumar Setu Singh remained in charge of the Field Staff as Land Settlement Officer. Survey and settlement works of the valley, case work (except cases having concern with land revenue collection) were his principal duties. He was on tour for 90 days.

Babu Chandra Nath Dey continued to hold the post of Mauzadar at Jiribam throughout the year.

2. There were 5 Kanungoes and 29 Amins working throughout the year under report. Of the Kanungoes one was newly appointed with effect from 1-6-1938, vide D. R. N. 1 of 2-3-38.

No temporary Kanungoe or Amins were appointed as survey operations were postponed for lack of funds.

Owing to the complete abolition of the Begar system in the valley 110 Chainmen were employed at a cost of Rs. 5,142. From 1-6-38 employment of Chainmen by the State has been discontinued and all amins now draw a Chainman's allowance of Rs. 10/- P. M. each and their fixed T. A. for Regular and Dariabadi seasons has been increased from Rs. 3/- P. M. to Rs. 6/- P. M. each, vide D. R. No. 4 of 18-5-38.

The Field Staff was employed in the ordinary duties of settlement of waste lands, assessment of concealed cultivation and exclusion of relinquished land from demand. They also checked and repaired station marks of the cadastral survey and of the grazing grounds etc. They also reported about waste lands of Faut, Ferar and Jatrahin and enquired into mutation cases. In addition the staff was also employed in flood damage enquiry.

Two villages of circle No. 5 and one village of circle No. 7 of Ahallup Pana and one village of circle No. 3 and one village of circle No. 4 of Imphal Pana were cadastrally surveyed this year.

The Jiri Field Staff consisted of 2 permanent amins as before.

3. There was no change in the rate of assessment which remained at Rs. 5/15/- a pari for all classes of lands in the Assessment. valley with a minimum patta revenue of annas -/12/-.

Shop sites on patta lands were assessed at three times the ordinary rate as before and shop sites within 50 feet of the edge of any state road on khas lands were assessed at -/2/- per foot of frontage per month. Hillmen continued to pay at the concession rate of Rs. 2/8/- per pari providing they were paying Rs. 3/- Hill House Tax. Hillmen with no hill cultivation paid land revenue at the rate of Rs. 5/- per pari and House Tax at the rate of annas -/10/- per house.

During the year 9,979 bighas (3,298.842 acres) of land were measured in the Dariabadi survey as against 10,256 bighas (3,390.413 acres) in the previous year and 22 bighas (7.272 acres) as against 37 bighas (12.231 acres) were relinquished. There was a total decrease of 4,830 bighas (1,596.694 acres) in the area of Rayotwari land cultivated. This decrease was due to the cancellation of a number of pattas in 1936-37. Special tenure land increased by 276 bighas (91.239 acres) due to the grant of free lands to certain persons.

In Jiri 985 bighas were newly assessed and 477 bighas relinquished compared with 2,478 bighas and 1,557 bighas respectively in the previous year.

4. The current demand in the valley was Rs. 4,90,871 as against Rs. 485,805 in the previous year. The year opened Demand. with an arrear demand of Rs. 5,94,455. The corresponding figure for the previous year was Rs. 6,76,021.

In Jiri the current demand was Rs. 9,831 as against Rs. 9,418.3-0 in the previous year. The arrear demand at the beginning of the year was Rs. 5,492 as against Rs. 7,155.3-0 in the previous year.

5. The permanent Collection Staff remained unchanged and consisted of 5 Lakpas, 5 Pana clerks, 25 Mohorirs and 43 Land Revenue collection. peons. In addition 14 temporary Mohorirs and 28 temporary peons were employed as in the previous year. Of the 14 temporary Mohorirs 10 were employed throughout the year and 4 were discharged with effect from 1-6-38, vide Darbar Resolution No. 1 of 2.3.38. During the year under report three Lakpas—Naharup, Laifam and Imphal Lakpas and one peon of Aballup pana applied for retirement from State service on pension. Pension of Laifam Lakpa was sanctioned, vide Darbar Resolution No. 2 of 11.5.38.

The percentage of current revenue collection in the valley was 55.546 as against 56.296 in the previous year.

The total receipts from the valley excluding Rs. 1,572 collected before the close of the year but not credited into the Treasury until after the 1st July, 1938, were Rs. 4,51,307 as against Rs. 4,49,735 in the previous

year. Of the arrear demand Rs. 1,78,655 was collected and of the current demand Rs. 2,72,652. Remission of current revenue amounted to Rs. 1,197 and of arrear revenue to Rs. 31,871. This latter sum was on account of cancellation of pattas for land which had gone out of cultivation and for which no bids were made when put to auction for the realisation of arrear revenue. In addition, a further sum of Rs. 39,601 was remitted by the Darbar on account of crops destroyed by floods. The total remission granted therefore amounted to Rs. 72,669.

On the 30th June, 1938 the total arrear demand was Rs. 5,61,349 of which Rs. 3,83,929 was against previous years' arrears and Rs. 1,77,420 against the current year's arrears.

Rs. 25,102 was realised on account of fines for late payment. Details of collection in each Pana are shown in Appendix VII.

In Jiri the total collections were Rs. 9,739 as against Rs. 10,831-3-0 in the previous year. Of the current demand a sum of Rs. 4,650/- was collected and of the arrear demand Rs. 5,089/- A sum of Rs. 71/9/- was remitted.

6. The coercive measures in force in the State include the sale of moveable and immovable property and the imposition of fines on those who fail to pay their revenue before the 1st March. In the year under report sales of defaulting estates were started with effect from 16th January, 1938.

During the year sale cases in respect of 60,932 defaulting estates were instituted in order to realise Rs. 2,05,042. Of this amount Rs. 79,061 was realised before the date fixed for the sales. Rs. 5,555 was realised by sale and Rs. 7,855 was remitted as irrecoverable. Sale cases in respect of 39,762 estates with the object of realising Rs. 1,12,571 were still pending at the close of the year, 21,170 cases being disposed of during this period.

In Jiri 548 sale cases were started with the object of realizing Rs. 5921/11/- Of this amount Rs. 5410/- was realized before sale, Rs. 58/- by sale, Rs. 57/7/- including Local rate was remitted as irrecoverable. At the end of the year 28 cases were still pending for the realisation of Rs. 396/4/-.

7. Out of 10,532 cases for disposal 3,266 were disposed of and 5,266 remained pending as against 3,699 disposed of out of 6,867 in the previous year.

Appendix IV and V give details of the case work.

8. The year under report saw several changes in the system of Land Introduction of new rules and Revenue Collection of which the following are worth system for the betterment of Land Revenue collection. mentioning :—

I. (i) Introduction of new counterfoil receipt forms with carbon paper.

(ii) Introduction of new forms for attachment of moveable properties.

(iii) Introduction of new forms for correction of Land Records after lands are sold in auction

II. The sales of pattas in Revenue auction sales hitherto conducted by all officials of Land revenue collection Staff have been restricted and now only those officials not below the rank of a Pana Clerk are empowered to conduct sales. These changes were introduced in order to reduce the possibility of misappropriation of State money.

9. During the year under report several cases of misappropriation of State money were detected. As a result two Land

Punishment. revenue collection Mohorirs and one peon were dismissed and criminally prosecuted and one Land Revenue Office chaprassi was dismissed. Four Members of the public who misappropriated State's money in collusion with the two Land revenue collection Mohorirs and the peon were also criminally prosecuted.

Two Land revenue collection Mohorirs were also dismissed for misconduct and unsatisfactory work and one Mohorir was dismissed for inefficiency.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

Valley

1. The State maintains a force of Military Police, of which His Military Police. His Highness the Maharaja is Commandant.

Throughout the year under report His Highness held Command. During His Highness's tour outside the State and on several other occasions. Srijut Nongmaithem Shyamcharan Singh, Selungba, Ordinary Darbar Member, held command on behalf of His Highness from the 1st July 1937 to the 9th September 1937; from the 24th September 1937 to the 12th December 1937; and again from the 8th January 1938 to the end of the year.

Srijut Huidrom Meghachandra Singh continued to hold charge as Subedar Major throughout the year.

The force is organised into 6 platoons. There are eight Indian Officers and 225 other ranks. Details will be found in Appendix VIII. It is armed with short Lee-Enfield rifles and kukries. It is generally employed to provide guards for the Palace, the Jail, and the Revenue Office, and to preserve internal peace when required. It provides guards of honour to His Highness, and escorts for His Highness and for the President of the Darbar when necessary. Escorts to guard prisoners en route from Imphal to adjacent British districts are also taken from the force.

The total cost of the maintenance of the force was Rs. 33,863.15-0 as against Rs. 35,786/- in the previous year.

2. Srijut Rajkumar Bhaskor Singh, Khurailakpa, Ordinary Member of the State Darbar, held charge of the Civil Police Civil Police. Department. He was on leave for the period from the 8th November 1937 to the 22nd December 1938. During this period Srijut Nongmaithem Syamacharan Singh, Judicial Member, held charge. He was on tour for 34 days during the whole year.

The strength of the force at the close of the year was 1 Inspector, 2 Sub-Inspectors, 5 Assistant Sub-Inspectors, 5 Head Constables, 5 Writer Constables, 38 Constables, and 223 Chowkidars. There are also 10 Chowkidars in Jiri.

There is only one Thana in the valley, and it is at Imphal. No change was made in its jurisdiction which extends only over Imphal itself. Cases in the *Lowai* are only taken up on the orders of the President the Judicial Member, or the Police Member. Such orders are given in cases of murder, homicide, serious rioting, and affrays endangering the proper maintenance of law and order. In addition to the thana there are 4 permanent outposts, one at Mao, one at Sengmai, one at Pallel, and one at Jiribam. They control the Dimapur Burma, and Cachar Roads

The ratio of police including chowkidars, to the population of the valley was 1 : 1069.34.

Appendices IX and X give statements showing the number and nature of crimes and the working of the police during the year.

The total number of cattle reported lost was 189 (104 in Imphal and 85 in *Lorai*) as against 163 in the previous year. Of these 16 were recovered from *jhils* or otherwise.

There were 86 unnatural deaths reported during the year.

3. Srijut Nongmaithem Shyamcharan Singh, Selungba, Ordinary Member of the State Darbar, held charge of the Criminal and Civil Justice, Judicial Department throughout the period under report. He was on tour for 6 days.

There was no change in the number or constitution of the Courts in the valley and Jiribam. The Courts are (1) Darbar, (2) Cherap, (3) Sadar Panchayet, (4) Court of the Mauzadar, Jiribam; and (5) 13 Rural Panchayets. A new Foreigners' Panchayet was established at Kangpokpi on the 1st June 1938.

The powers and functions of the above courts remained unchanged.

Appendices XI to XVI give details of the disposal of cases by the above courts.

4. There is only one prison in the State and it is at Imphal. It was opened in 1892, and since then up to the 30th June, 1938, the total number of male convicts accommodated in Jail was 7,998, of female convicts 105, of Civil prisoners 861, and of Lunatics 195.

During the year under report His Highness the Maharaja was in charge of the Jail Department throughout the year. During His Highness's tour outside the State and on several other occasions, Srijut Nongmaithem Shyamcharan Singh, Selungba, Ordinary Darbar Member, held charge of Manipur State Jail on behalf of His Highness from 1-7-37 to 9-9-37 from 24-9-37 to 12-12-37 and again from 8-1-38 to the end of the year.

The Jail staff consists of one Jailer, one Deputy Jailer, one Assistant Jailer, one Clerk, one Workshop Overseer, one Head Warder, one second Warder, 13 Warders, 8 temporary Warders, and 6 other servants.

The numbers of the prisoners remaining from the previous year were 213 male convicts, 1 female convict, 14 male undertrials, 2 male judgment debtors, 8 male Lunatics, and 1 female Lunatic.

The following prisoners were admitted during the year under report :—

Prisoners.	1937-38		1936-37	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Convicts	234	2	265	4
Undertrial	616	1	473	4
Civil	24	0	21	0
Lunatics	10	1	8	1
Total	884	4	767	9

Out of the total number of 631 undertrials (including 14 from the previous year) 158 were convicted, 414 were released, 1 died and 58 remained pending trial. Out of the 260 convicts and civil prisoners :—

203 were Manipuri Hindus, 24 were Manipuri Mahammedans, 27 were hillmen, 4 were foreigners, and the 2 female convicts were one Manipuri Hindu and one Kuki woman.

The average period of detention before conviction or release of undertrials was 16.83 days as against 17 days in the previous year.

Daily average of prison population	264.21
" " of Sick	22.40
Escaped convicts	9
Recaptured (of the previous year)	1
Escaped prisoners who returned of their own accord	1
Convicts with sentence of 3 weeks or less	7
Convicts under age of 16 years	4
" sentenced to whipping	7

The following prisoners were in the Jail on the 30th June 1938.

	1937-38		1936-37	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Convicts	231	2	213	1
Undertrials	58	0	14	0
Civil	2	0	2	0
Lunatics	13	1	8	1
Total	304	3	237	2

Of these 259 were Manipuri Hindus, 30 were hillmen, 12 were Mahammedans, 3 were foreigners, and of the 3 females, 1 was Manipuri and 2 were hill women.

During the year under report 7 convicts were punished for offences committed while in Jail, as against 9 in the previous year. 9 convicts including 1 undertrial died in Jail, as against 3 in the previous year. 1 life sentenced convict was released before expiry of his term by order of Manipur State Darbar under rule No. 571 (1) revised Assam Jail Manual Vol. No. 1, as against 3 convicts including 1 undertrial in the previous year. 10 convicts were transferred to Sylhet Jail, as against 1 in the previous year.

During the year under report prison labour was distributed as follows :—

Jail labour.

	1937-38	1936-37
Palace Moat (free labour)	13,311	10,833
Work on contracts ...	20	110
Police Bazar (free)	110	190
Antimalarial work (free)	2,960	2,740
Work at daily rates	3,235	1,210

		1937-38	1936-37
Jail Garden	...	3,724	2,907
Jail workshop	...	5,270	6,804
Jail service	...	30,707	27,417
Sent to court for trial	...	959	797
Undertrial	...	7,338	6,135
Cells and Lunatics	...	3,545	3,711
Sick	...	6,631	8,328
	Total	77,810	71,182

During the year under report receipts from the Jail were as follows :—
Receipts.

		1937-38	1936-37
Contract	... ... Rs.	37-11-6	18- 8-0
Daily labour	... ...	605- 0-0	208-14-0
Durries, newar etc.	...	2,789- 7-9	3,254- 5-9
Bamboo baskets etc.	...	42- 5-9	49- 3-9
Mustard oil and oilcake		753-11-6	620- 3-0
Jail garden	... ...	143-11-3	132-10-3
Miscellaneous	... ...	16- 0-0	4- 0-0
Sale of dyed yarn	...	56- 4-0	...
Civil prisoner's diet money		61- 2-8	113-11-8
Rent for Jail shop	...	...	8- 0-0
	Total Rs.	4,505- 6-5	4,409- 8-5

A sum of Rs. 2,986-0-2 was spent on the purchase of raw materials as against Rs. 2,648-5-1 in the previous year.

The total cost of the Jail establishment, maintenance of prisoners, Establishment. upkeep etc. amounted to Rs. 14,874-10-8 as against Rs. 14,533-6-1 in the previous year.

The system of allowing convicts remission for good conduct and good work was continued throughout the year under report according to the rules laid down for Jails in British India.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION.

Valley.

1. Weather on the whole was good but in July, 1937 agricultural operations were hampered to some extent by the cattle epidemic which was then prevailing. Heavy rainfall and hailstorms also caused some damage to crops during the year under report.

2. Unskilled labour in Imphal is paid from annas 4 to annas 6 a day, and in the Lawai from annas 5 to annas 7 Wages and labour a day. Forced labour for State and Government purposes in the Hills is paid from annas 4 to annas 6 per day. Bullock carts are paid (a) annas 5 per cart in town areas of 3 miles radius and (a) annas 7/16 per mile outside the town. Wages for artisans remained low as in the previous year, a good carpenter getting only about annas 7/8/- a day in his village, and about annas 10/- a day outside his village.

3. The price of rice was a little lower during the year than in the previous year. Price of food grains. The average rate was 26.8 seers to the rupee as against 26 seers to the rupee in the previous year. The price of other food grains was a little higher. No embargo was placed on the export of rice during the year.

4. During the year 2,61,716 maunds of rice and 1,53,955 maunds of chira were exported as against 2,40,625 maunds and 1,26,798 maunds respectively in the previous year; of this, 9,131 maunds of rice were supplied for Government purposes.

Messrs. Mangoleh and Kisturchand and Co., of Imphal held the contract of the Cart-Tax-monopoly and collected Rs. 1,09,530. Export (or Cart) Tax. For this the State received from them Rs. 81,500 as fees for the monopoly right.

5. An export tax of Rs. 10 a buffalo, Rs. 8 a bullock and Rs. 5 a pony is levied on all such animals exported from Cattle Export. the State, and also on all such animals exported through the State from one part of British India to another.

The collection of this export tax is carried on in the Foreigner's Office which was under the charge of Srijut Sanjenbam Nodiachand Singh, B. A. During the year under report 3,912 bullocks, 34 buffaloes, and 370 Bangors (buffaloes of foreign breed) were exported from the State. During the same year 21 bullocks, 306 buffaloes, 30 ponies and one elephant passed through the State from Burma to Assam.

Owing to outbreak of foot and mouth disease no cattle or buffaloes were exported from or through the State by the Dimapur Manipur cart Road for about three months and by the Cachar road for about 2 months. The disease broke out in April, 1937 and continued up to November, 1937 breaking out again in June, 1938.

During the year under review Rs. 36,672 was collected as Export tax as against Rs. 26,760 in the previous year.

FOREST DEPARTMENT MANIPUR STATE.

Sreejut Lairennayum Iboongohal Singh, B. A., B. L., Additional Member, Manipur State Darbar, continued to hold charge of this Department throughout the year under report. He was on tour for 41 days.

Mr. C. Padmanab, B. Sc. (Edin), F. R. H. S. (Lond), continued to hold the post of State Forest Officer throughout the year under report. He was on tour for 145 days.

Sreejut R. K. Bijoychandra Singh, B. A., Deputy Ranger, continued to hold charge of the Jirimukh Forest Office during the year under report.

There were 5 cases pending at the beginning of the year, and during the year under report 173 cases were filed and reported; of these 178 cases 170 cases were disposed of and 8 cases remained pending on the evening of the 30th June, 1938. There were 2 appeal cases pending at the beginning of the year. In both these cases the orders of Forest Member were confirmed. No appeal was preferred against the order of the Forest Member, M. S. D. during the year under report.

One new State Reserve was constituted during the year under report viz Chingkheiching. Proposals were submitted for Reserves. the reservation of certain areas (1) On the bank of the Borak near Jirimukh, (2) The area between the villages of Kaipundai and Bolbung between the rivers Makru and Jiri and (3) The extension of Kambung State Reserve to its North East up to Chakpi river and Lokhi stream and (4) A part of Kangchup Hill. Of these No. 2 and 4 have been sanctioned by the President, Manipur State Darbar. The remaining two proposals were still under consideration at the close of the year under report.

All valley village lands and fisheries are assessed as grass mahals if there is grass fit for sale. These grass mahals are Grass Mahals. unclassed State Reserves. In most cases the boundaries of the grass mahals coincide with those of village lands and fisheries. Due to the extension of settlement the area of these unclassed State Reserves is decreasing year after year and steps are now being considered to reserve certain areas as grass mahals in which no settlement will be allowed. In the year under report revenue from the sale of mahals was more satisfactory than it was in the previous year a sum of Rs. 3,728/- being realised as against the sum of Rs. 2,994/- collected in the previous year.

The Forests in the drainage area of Jiri Borak and their tributaries known as Jiri Borak Forests continued to be managed by the Manipur State Darbar through her own Forest Department.

A new Beat Office was opened at Jirighat to patrol the Rivers and Forests in the Ujan side to collect royalty on the Forest produce exported through the Jirighat Lakhipur bridle path and on the produce extracted for local consumption and to issue transit passes for the same. One Forester with one Forest Guard was placed in charge of the Office. These two officials were detached from the Jirimukh Staff. One Forester belonging to the Jirimukh Office was removed from his post during the year under report.

Owing to the transfer of two officials from the Jirimukh Staff 2 additional Forest Guards were appointed. The Revenue Station at Jirimukh continued to collect royalty on wood extracted from Manipur Forests and brought to Jirimukh. Revenue collected at the Jirimukh station was greater than the corresponding figure for last year the amount being Rs. 16,284/4/9 as against Rs. 12,848/5/6 received in the previous year.

Forest royalty stations in various parts of the valley were sold by auction as usual. The collection from this head Forest Royalty Stations during the year under report was lower than that of the previous year the amount being Rs. 7,541/12/6 as against Rs. 8,014/11/- collected in the previous year. One Sub-royalty station at Pheidlinga was sanctioned by the Darbar.

In the Reserves of Heingang and Kambung pine trees (Pinus Khasya) Regeneration and Aforestation regenerate naturally. In the year 1936 teak plantation was started. The work has been continued during the year under report and the plants are growing satisfactorily. Plantation work has been started at Kangchupkhul on the catchment areas of the Kangchup and Abolok rivers which are the source of water supply to Imphal, and in the newly made Reserve of Chingkheiching.

The important lime pits in the Hills are the Towpokpi pits near Sugnu, Lime Pits. the Tangjeng pits situated some 3 miles from Tangjeng and the Pallel lime pits near Pallel. There are other minor lime pits viz, Kangkhan Yanbi, Kojam Konjin etc. There was a decrease in the amount of revenue from this source the year's collection being Rs. 1,817/- only as against Rs. 2,967/- in the previous year.

During the year under report the Orchid Mahal was sold on the Monopolies. expiration of the previous lease. The monopoly right to collect and trade in Jade throughout the whole State was also sold. The collection from these monopolies was Rs. 1,988/5/- as against Rs. 1,822/- in the previous year.

The Forest Revenue collected during the year under report was Rs. 33,622-2-9 (Including Law and Justice). The actual expenditure for the Forest Department during the same year was Rs. 8,261-2-0.

Appendix XXIV will show the detailed statement of Forest Revenue collected during the year under report.

The State salt wells are found at Waikhong, Sikhong, Ningel and Valley Salt Wells. Chandrakhong. Some of the wells are not being worked through lack of repair and steps are now being taken to repair those wells on which expenditure would prove profitable to the State.

There are also several private Salt wells. Some of these have been allowed to degenerate and become unworkable and in order to encourage the owners to repair them the Darbar has passed a resolution ordering that private wells which are not properly maintained and repaired will revert to the State.

Salt revenue for the year under report amounted to Rs. 1,718/- as against Rs. 1,479/- in the previous year.

ARTS AND CRAFTS DEPARTMENT.

The department was under the supervision of Maharaj Kumar Priyabrata Singh, B. A. and Srijut K. Tombi Singh continued to be the Manager.

The total sale proceeds for the year amounted to Rs. 13,018-14-10 as against Rs. 6,188-4-7 in the previous year. Appendix XXV shows the detailed accounts of this Department for the year under report.

HILLS.

1. The staple crops are rice, millet, job's tears and maize. Weather and Crops. The weather was on the whole favourable and crops were satisfactory.

2. Unskilled labourers in the hills when employed on State P. W. D. Wages and Labour. works by the contractors are paid -/6/- a day. Other impressed labour is paid at the rate of -/4/- a day.

3. Cotton and linseed are produced mainly in the hills near the valley where the hillmen can usually find a ready market. In the South West area, particularly Senvon Exports and Imports. and Parbung, they can get their cotton and linseed exchanged with salt, thread and other articles from men from Cachar.

Maize was a source of some profit in the east. The leaves that cover the cobs are sold in Burma where they are used in making Burma Cheroots, but now this trade has suffered a setback on account of refusal of the Burmese shopkeepers to pay a better price for leaves. Pan is cultivated in the West by the Kabuis and sold in Cachar and Manipur. Potato cultivation is now getting a firm hold round about Ukhru but so far the cultivation has been mainly for home consumption.

The potatoes grown in Mao are exported into Assam. Oranges are grown in the West, and the orange seedlings planted in Ukhru last year are doing well.

During the year under report no tea seed was exported.

The wheat cultivation introduced in Ukhru has been given up as it proved unsuccessful.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

1. The gross total revenue of the State was Rs. 10,03,382, as against Budget. Rs. 9,42,135 in the previous year. The budget estimate of the gross total revenue was Rs. 9,57,300. Actual revenue thus exceeded the estimated figure by Rs. 46,082.

The total gross expenditure was Rs. 8,13,976, against a revised budget estimate of Rs. 9,32,091. Thus a sum of Rs. 1,18,115 was not spent out of the budget allotments.

There was therefore a surplus of Rs. 1,89,406, as against Rs. 1,39,639 in the previous year.

The actual receipts and expenditure of the Valley, Hill and Water-works budgets (including the suspense account heads), are shown separately in Appendices XXVI to XXVII (C).

2. The actual cash balance on the 30th June, 1938 was Rs. 2,66,194-3-11, Closing balance. as against Rs. 2,84,325-11-8 on the 30th June, 1937.

3. Appendix XXVI shows the actual revenue receipts.

Receipt.

- (i) Collection of Land Revenue was good. Rs. 1,62,092 was collected, as against Rs. 4,60,561 in the previous year.
- (ii) Fishery revenue exceeded the estimate by Rs. 2,654.
- (iii) Foreigners Tax exceeded the estimate by Rs. 4,092.
- (iv) Forest revenue exceeded the estimate by Rs. 3,468.
- (v) Receipt under Law and Justice (Court-Fees etc.) exceeded the estimate by Rs. 1,881.
- (vi) Jail revenue exceeded the estimate by Rs. 1,005.
- (vii) Excise revenue exceeded the estimate by Rs. 1,714.
- (viii) Income Tax and Trading License Fees revenue exceeded the estimate by Rs. 1,177.
- (ix) Cart-Tax receipts were collected to the full amount of estimate.
- (x) Cattle tax receipts were Rs. 6,672 more than the estimated Rs. 30,000.
- (xi) Fine receipts improved, showing a total of Rs. 29,608 as against Rs. 25,656 in the previous year. Fines realised for late payment of revenue are included in this figure. The actual collection exceeded the estimate by Rs. 13,608.
- (xii) Receipts on account of Registration Fees improved exceeding the estimate of Rs. 3,500 by Rs. 1,573.

(xiii) Vehicle Tax receipts exceeded the estimated Rs. 4,000 by Rs. 1,666.

(xiv) Mail contract receipt was normal.

(xv) Receipts on account of "Interest on Invested Sums" exceeded the estimate by Rs. 1,359. .

(xvi) Receipts from the Arts and Crafts Department improved exceeding the estimated Rs. 8,500 by Rs. 5,808.

(xvii) Miscellaneous receipts exceeded the estimate of Rs. 8,000 by Rs. 9,264, the unusual sudden increase being due to the inclusion of Revenue Deposits and earnest money deposited by Forest Contractors.

(xviii) Library receipts remained normal.

(xix) Collection of hill house tax was good, a sum of Rs. 13,675 being collected in excess of the estimated Rs. 72,500.

4. Appendix XXXIV A-D shows the detailed figures of expenditure.

I Administration—Rs. 10,000 was withdrawn from Reserve to subhead "Refund" for the purpose of making some big refunds of Land Revenue deposits. (vide D. R. No. 4 of 6-4-38)

VII. Maharaja's Civil List—The contingent expenditure includes Rs. 8,430 for the education of His Highness' sons.

The details are as follows:—

		Rs.	As.	Ps.
Boarding allowance of M. K. Jai Singh	...	4,350	0	0
Tutor to teach Manipuri	...	1,680	0	0
College fee and subscription for				
M. K. Jai Singh	...	710	0	0
T. A. of M. K. Jai Singh	...	1,000	0	0
Miscellaneous (including cloth)	...	500	0	0
Holiday trips for M. K. Jai Singh	...	190	0	0
	Total	8,430	0	0

XVII. Medical—Rs. 4,759/6/- was withdrawn from Reserve, and transferred to No. 12 Medical for "Cholera Epidemic" (vide D. R. No. 4 of 19-1-38, No. 2 of 4-5-38, & 19 of 20-4-38).

XX. Arts & Crafts:—Rs. 4,200 was withdrawn from Reserve and transferred to this head for manufacture and miscellaneous items (vide D. R. No. 6 of 22-12-37) and Rs. 221/9/- for Lucknow Exhibition. (vide D. R. No. 14 of 20-4-38)

5. On the 30th June, 1938, the State had Rs. 1,40,000 in the Government 5% Loan of 1945-55, bringing in an ^{Invested Funds.} annual interest of 7,000. Of this investment Rs. 20,000 is allotted to the general State account, and Rs. 1,20,000 to the Water Works and the interest is divided proportionately between the budgets and on 28th May, 1938 Rs. 1,75,000 was invested in the Government 4% Loan of 1960-70 for the General State account bringing in an annual interest of Rs. 7,000/-; and on 20th June, 1938 Rs. 2,000/- was invested

in the Government 4% Loan of 1960-70 on account of Famine Relief Fund bringing in an annual interest of Rs. 80/-.

The State also owns the State Hydro Electric Scheme, in which it has invested Rs. 1,08,373 forming the capital of this concern. A loan of Rs. 33,862 bearing interest at 4% was also taken by the Hydro Electric Board in 1929 to repair flood damage.

6. Appendix XXVIII gives a statement of the State's Assets and Liabilities.

CHAPTER VI.

MEDICAL.

1. Lieutenant Colonel E. T. N. Taylor, I. M. S. held charge of the Civil Surgeon from 1st July, 1937 to 31st March, 1938, and Major P. H. Cummins, I. M. S. from 1st April, 1938 to 30th June, 1938.

Lieutenant Colonel E. T. N. Taylor, I. M. S. was on tour for 53 days and Major P. H. Cummins, I. M. S. for 14 days.

Rai Bahadur Doctor Ganges Chandra Das continued to hold charge of the Civil Hospital. His services were given to the State free of charge by the Assam Government as before.

There were in all 13 State doctors, one midwife, 23 compounders, 2 assistant compounders, 2 sub-inspectors of Vaccination and 19 vaccinators working in the State on the Medical establishment.

The number of hospitals and dispensaries including one Leper Asylum numbered 17 as in the previous year.

VALLEY.

2. The nucleus of the State Medical Institutions is the Civil Hospital at Imphal, the largest hospital in the State. This General Surgeon assisted by a State Doctor. Two other small hospitals are maintained in Imphal, one for the Police and one for the Jail. All dispensaries except the dispensary at Bishenpur are under the charge of doctors, Bishenpur being under the charge of a Compounder. In the near future it is hoped that a start will be made on the scheme for providing a Tuberculosis ward with the help of donations from the Silver Jubilee fund (Rs. 2,284/-), the Imphal Red Cross (Rs. 1,500), C. Gimson Esq. I. C. S. (Rs. 2,500), His Highness's Memorial Fund (Rs. 271/11/3) and Kh. Atolachou Singh (Rs. 500).

Good work is being done in the Leper Asylum at Imphal. Limited accommodation and economic factors prevent the treatment of many cases to whom it is hoped to extend treatment by starting centres at some of the outlying dispensaries.

The Imphal Isolation Hospital is run under the Civil Hospital administration.

The long felt want of X-ray apparatus was fulfilled when Seth Bhairodan Mohata generously donated Rs. 8,400/-. With this money an X-ray apparatus has been installed in the Imphal Civil Hospital during the year under report. Seth Bhairodan Mohata's public spirited action has been warmly appreciated throughout the State.

97,477 Outdoor and 875 Indoor patients were treated during the year as against 81,054 and 797 in the previous year. 226 Major operations and 1,198 Minor operations were performed during the year as against last year's figures of 135 and 1,212 respectively. The general increase in the number of persons coming in for treatment is decidedly encouraging.

3. 9,450 Primary vaccinations and 6,259 re-vaccinations were carried out during the year as against 11,078 and 23,260 respectively in the previous year. The larger number of vaccinations performed during the previous year was due to the greater prevalence of small-pox during that year.

4. There were outbreaks of cholera and small-pox during the year.

Epidemics. The number of cases and deaths were as follows :—

Cholera	{ Cases ... 700	Small-pox	{ Cases ... 103
	{ Death ... 349		{ Deaths ... 24

In order to combat the prevalence of cholera during the year under report, an additional staff consisting of 2 temporary doctors and 2 temporary compounders was entertained from 12-4-38 until the end of the year.

5. 12 cases, all imported were treated during the year. Passengers on in-coming lorries are examined for this disease by Kala-Azar. the State Doctor at Mao.

6. 5 cases occurred (One in the 4th Assam Rifles, 2 in the Jail, 1 in a Manipuri village of Imphal and 1 in Cerebro-spinal-Meningitis. Jiribam). All cases except one died.

7. Anti-rabic treatment with vaccine is carried out at the Imphal Civil Hospital. 108 cases were treated during the year as against 92 in the previous year.

8. A Statement of Medical Relief afforded during the year 1937-38 is shown in Appendix XXXI.

HILLS.

1. There are eight dispensaries in the Hills at Tamenlong, Ukhru, Churachandpur, Mao, Shuganu, Sitapaboi, Kangpokpi General. and Thanlon. The Hill dispensaries are growing in popularity and there is no doubt that medical treatment is now being appreciated by the Hillmen. Owing to the shortage of doctors the dispensaries at Shuganu and Thanlon are still in charge of Compounders.

Leprosy, Yaws and Goitre are prevalent amongst the Hill people. 1,12,560 Outdoor and 612 Indoor patients were treated during the year as against 98,491 and 731 respectively in the previous year.

2 Major and 367 Minor operations were performed during the year as against 7 and 341 respectively, in the previous year.

2. 7,611 Primary Vaccinations and 6,828 revaccinations were performed during the year as against 7,762 and 6,864 respectively in the previous year.

3. There were sporadic cases of cholera and small-pox during the year. The number of cases and deaths were as follows :-

Cholera	{ Cases ... 11	Small-pox	{ Cases ... 22
	{ Deaths ... 6		{ Deaths ... 9

4. 91 cases of Cerebro Spinal Meningitis occurred with 62 deaths. The disease has been most prevalent among the Kukis Cerebro Spinal Meningitis, and further outbreaks are expected.

Appendix XXXII shows the amount of medical relief afforded in the ill Dispensaries during the year under report.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

Valley.

1. His Highness the Maharaja held charge of the Education Department throughout the year. The total expenditure on Charge and Tours. Education in the valley for this year was Rs. 52,729 3/11 s against Rs. 53,584 last year. The total receipts of the Department amounted to Rs. 1,704 14/- as against Rs. 1,426 last year and of this amount Rs. 1,121 2/- was realised on account of tuition fees against Rs. 936 last year and Rs. 31 6/- was realised as fines.

The Deputy Inspector was on tour for 102 days and two Sub-inspectors No. I and II for 174 days and 193 days respectively. During the whole year the Education Standing Committee held one meeting only.

2. In the year under review the total number of Primary Schools in the valley was 88, with an enrolment of 7,752. Of these, three were Upper Primary Schools, sixty seven boys' Lower Primary Schools, one Hindi school, four Girls' Schools, three Sanskrit Tols and ten Madrassas.

All the Upper Primary Schools are situated in Imphal, to which boys Upper Primary Schools. who have passed the Lower Primary Examination are admitted. The number of pupils on the rolls of these schools on 30th June, 1938 was 438 as against 386 in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 332.58. Small tuition fees are levied from boys reading in these schools. In the Upper Primary Examination 154 candidates appeared of whom 92, that is, 59.7% passed.

Of the 68 boys' Lower Primary Schools including the Hindi school, Lower Primary Schools. 19 are situated in Imphal, 5 in Jiribam and the rest in villages. All the Sanskrit Tols and the Girls' Schools are situated in Imphal and the Madrassas in villages.

During the year under survey there were 7,019 boys and 115 girls on the rolls of these Schools as against 6,678 boys and 156 girls in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 5,071.7. Education in Lower Primary Schools is free but not compulsory. In the Scholarship Examination held in 1937, 593 candidates appeared of whom 400, that is, 67.45% came out successful.

The number of pupils on the rolls of the four Girls' Schools on Girls' Schools. 30th June, 1938 was 180 as against 205 in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 136.2. In addition, there were 115 girls in various boys' Lower Primary Schools.

The number of female candidates in the Upper Primary Examination during the year was 8 of whom only one Kuki girl was successful.

In the Lower Primary Examination of this year 33 girls appeared of whom 19 came out successful.

The State is maintaining a Centre of the Assam Sanskrit Examinations.

The three State Tols and the Sanskrit Department of the Your High School and some private pandits repare candidates for the various examinations of the Assam Sanskrit board. During the year under review 9 candidates came out successful rom the First Examination of the Assam Sanskrit Board.

All the Madrassas send up boys for the Lower Primary Scholarship

Madrassas. Examination and they are orally examined in Mahomedan subjects.

3. The number of teachers in the valley and Jiribam schools was 201 as against 198 in the previous year. Of these Teachers. 201 teachers, 5 were Matriculates, 164 held Middle English, Middle Vernacular or Upper Primary Certificates, 9 Lower Primary Certificates, 18 Persian Certificates and 5 were Sanskrit Pandits. ut of the 5 Sanskrit Pandits 2 passed the Second and 1 the First xaminations of the Assam Sanskrit Board. Of these teachers 179 were Hindus and 31 Mahomedans.

4. There are one Government-aided M. E. Girls' (Bengali) School ; M. E. Schools. i. e. the Lady Earle Girls' School ; two State aided boys' M. E. Schools ; i. e. (1) " Nambol " and " Biazia . E. Madrassa " ; and two unaided boys' M. E. Schools ; i. e. (1) " Ramnal al " and (2) " Narsingh ".

5. There are only two recognised High Schools in the State *viz.* High Schools. (1) The Johnstone High School, and (2) the Churachand High School.

The Johnstone High School is managed by a Committee of 5. The Political Agent is the Secretary ; and the President and one Darbar Member are on the Committee. The state gives a contribution of Rs. 5,000 annually, and the school also receives grant-in-aid of Rs. 50 a month from the Government of India and Rs. 50 a month from the Assam Government.

There are 15 masters on the staff, of whom 14 are Manipuris and Bengali. Six are graduates of the Calcutta University, including one I. A. in English and one B. Sc. One is F. A. and two are I. A. Of the remainder 4 are Matriculates, one is a Sanskrit Pandit and one is a non-matriculate.

On the 30th June, 1938 there were 381 pupils on the roll, of whom 47 were Manipuri Hindus, 2 Manipuri Mahomedans, 13 Christians, 15 hill tribes and 4 non-Manipuris. The average attendance was 359.03.

In the annual School examination 318 boys appeared, of whom 285 or 962% passed. The number of candidates sent up for the Matriculation xamination of 1938 was 32, of whom 19 passed in the first division, 1 in the second division and one in the third division.

The Churachand High School is patronised by His Highness the Maharaja of Manipur and managed by a Committee of 6 of whom one is nominated by the Darbar. The school received a grant of Rs. 1,000 from the valley budget and also a capitation grant of Rs. 12/- per Hill tribe student per annum from the Hill budget.

There were 14 masters on the staff, 10 being Manipuri Hindu, 3 Bengali and one Manipuri Mahomedan. Four of them are graduates of the Calcutta University including one M. A., one B. Sc. of Dacca University, I. A., 3 matriculates, one I. A. passed Shastri of the Benares University and one matriculate with special training in Mahomedan languages.

On the 30th June, 1938 there were 365 pupils on the roll, 306 being Manipuri Hindu, 25 Manipuri Mahomedans, 2 Bengali and 32 Hill tribes. The average daily attendance in the month of May was 317·59.

In the last annual school examination 323 boys appeared, of whom 269 or 83·28% passed. 16 boys were sent up for the Matriculation Examination in 1938 and of them 6 passed in the first division, 6 in the second, and one in the third.

There are also two other unrecognized aided High Schools—(1) The Tamphu Sana Girls' High School; and (2) the Bengali High School.

The Tamphu Sana Girls' High School was first started in the Palace in May, 1935 and then shifted to its present building which was constructed at the personal expense of His Highness the Maharaja of Manipur on the 1st April, 1936. This school was named after Sreemati Tamphasana Devi, His Highness' deceased daughter. In February, 1936 the Director of Public Instructions of Assam granted provisional recognition of this school allowing enrolment of classes from III to IX and the State allowed it a grant-in-aid of Rs. 100 per month from June, 1937 and raised this grant to Rs. 150/- for five years with effect from 1st June, 1938. It is managed by a Committee of 12 members appointed by His Highness. There are two Darbar members on this Committee. His Highness is its Founder and its committee resolutions are subject to his approval.

There were 10 masters on the staff all being Manipuri. Three of them are graduates of the Calcutta University; three B. A. (failed); and four Matriculates.

On the 30th June, 1938 there were 95 girls on the roll, of whom 91 were Manipuri Hindus and 4 Hill tribe. The average daily attendance was 80·38. In the annual School examination 78 girls appeared, of whom 39 or 88·46% passed.

The Bengali High School was granted provisional recognition for two years, i.e. 1938 and 1939, by the Calcutta University to present candidates at the Matriculation Examination. This School is managed by a Committee of 9 Members, of whom two are nominated by the Darbar, one by the Political Agent, and one by the Commandant 4th Assam Rifles. It receives a grant of Rs. 40 per

Scholarships are given to assist boys reading in the Upper Primary Schools.

3. The State continued to pay a capitation grant of Re. 1/- a month

for each hill boy on the rolls of the Churachand High Schools.

High School. On the 30th June there were 32 hill boys on the rolls of this school.

Scholarships are also given to boys reading in the Johnstone High School in Imphal.

4. State Scholarships are also granted to a limited number of hill

boys reading in institutions outside Manipur. One Education outside the State. Kuki was reading in the Berry White Medical School.

During the year under report one Kuki and one 'angkhul enjoyed scholarships at the Dacca Engineering School and another scholarship was enjoyed by a Mao Naga boy at Cotton College, Gauhati.

5. The American Baptist Mission has a Middle English School at Kangpokpi. There were 7 male teachers and 1 Mission School. female. On the 30th June, 1938, there were 88 boys and 40 girls on the rolls. The Mission also has a Middle English school at Ukhru, with 3 masters and 67 boys and 6 girls on the rolls on the 30th June, 1938. In addition it had 37 Primary Schools in villages employing 41 teachers. There were 527 boys and 120 girls on the rolls at the close of the year. 12 boys and 4 girls held scholarships in High Schools and 3 girls in Nurse training Schools.

A grant-in-aid of Rs. 1,500 is made by the State.

The North-East India General Mission has one Middle English School and one English Bible School at Churachandpur. The Mission also maintains 21 permanent village schools and some temporary village schools.

Progress is being made in the teaching of Manipuri and at present his language is being taught to some extent in all Mission Schools.

month from the State, Rs. 345/- per annum from the Imperial Government and Rs. 20 per month from the Imphal Town Fund.

There are 12 masters on the staff, 3 Being Honours Graduates, 1 F. A. passed, 1 I. A. passed, 1 Entrance passed, 1 normal passed, 1 non-matric and 4 matriculate.

On the 30th June, 1938 there were 185 pupils on the roll, of whom 80 were Manipuri Hindu, 66 Bengali and the rest other Foreigners. In the annual examination, 169 boys appeared, of whom 166 passed.

There is also another private High School—the Your High School. All the High Schools are in Imphal.

During the State financial year 1937-38 one new State Scholarship was granted to 1 boy who passed the Intermediate Higher Education examination in 1937, and 2 new scholarships to 2 boys who passed the Matriculation examination of 1937.

There were also 2 scholarship-holders studying in the 4th year B. A. class and one in the second year I. A. class.

There was one boy studying Medicine in the Second year class of the Berry White Medical School, Dibrugarh, one woman in the Mid-wifery class in the same school and one girl in the first year class of the Dacca Medical School. All these medical students also received Scholarships from the State.

HILLS.

1. There were 55 State Primary Schools in the Hills, including the Chinga School at Imphal and Utkhrul School which Lower Primary Schools both teach up to the Upper Primary classes. The Schools were distributed as follows:—

Sadr.	Utkhrul.	Tamenlong.
1 Mixed (Chinga)	2 Mixed (Utkhrul)	1 Mixed (Tamenlong)
2 Chothe	9 Tangkhul	8 Kuki
3 Kuki	3 Kuki	4 Kabui
12 Mao	1 Maring	2 Kacha Naga
1 Maram	1 Anal	15
1 Maring	16	
1 Kabui		
1 Khoirao		
1 Tangkhul		

23

The schools at Imphal and the sub-divisional headquarters tend to become much more efficient than village schools with a few exceptions and promising boys are encouraged to read in them. Boys leaving their own villages to go to schools are assisted with State Scholarships as far as possible.

2. There are 2 State Upper Primary Schools for the hills one being the Chinga Hill School at Imphal and the other the Utkhrul School.

CHAPTER VIII.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Valley.

1. Mr. C. F. Jeffery M. I. M. I., State Engineer remained in charge throughout the year under report.
2. Valley Roads and bridges are in fair order and improvements have been carried out during the year under report oad, and Bridge as follows :—
 - (1) Extension of the Moirang Road towards Kumbi.
 - (2) Extension of the Hiyangthang embankment as a road towards Meijrao.
 - (3) Re-alignment of the Burmah Road at Singjamei, and the filling in of low land to give space for branch roads.
 - (4) Raising several sections of the Moirang Road above flood level.
 - (5) Extension of a pucca surface to the Sagolbund Road within the Town area.
 - (6) Completion of seven Monobloc R. C. piers and fitting girders for the Sawombung Bridge.
 - (7) Completion of the Sekmaijin Bridge of the same type as the above.
 - (8) The Construction in the State Workshop and fitting of 3 smaller standard bridges of 30' and 40' feet span. All these bridges have Monobloc piers of re-inforced concrete.
3. The river bunds South of Imphal continue to give trouble. The reason for this is that the bunds are set too close Bunds. to the river bank and the Darbar is now considering a comprehensive scheme to set the bunds back well away from the rivers.
4. Imphal buildings are in good order most of them being pucca or semi pucca. It is hoped that buildings outside Imphal Building. will improve as the State finances improve.
5. The main work carried out in the State workshop is the fabrication of steel bridge components. Average attendance over Workshop. the last 3 years is :—

1935-66	...	61.6	per day.
1936-37	..	58.6	„ „
1937-38	...	69.2	„ „

Appendix XXXIV (A) gives details of the expenditure on State works.

WATER WORKS.

1. Sreejut Lairenmayum Iboongohal Singh, B. A., B. L., Forest Member, Manipur State Darbar held charge of the Water Charge. Works Department with the State Engineer in charge of the Works branch throughout the year under report.

2. The year was on the whole satisfactory and as in the previous year there was no marked agitation against the General payment of water tax, a type of agitation which had been frequently manifested in previous years. The Department continued to exempt those houses situated more than 440 yards from the nearest tap. During the year under report one Rate clerk was found guilty of embezzlement of State money and was convicted and sentenced to two years rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300. As a result of this case a new form of carbon paper receipt book was introduced similar to the one introduced by the President for use in the Land Revenue Office.

3. During the year under report one hydrant for Uribok Aehom Extension of Water Supply. Leikai was sanctioned and one hydrant at the gate of Churachand High School was installed.

4. The short-cut scheme and house enumeration survey in pursuance Short-cut and house enumeration survey. of this scheme were continued. Short-cut and house enumeration survey of the remaining circle No. 1, biggest of all the circles, were finished and thus the short-cut and house enumeration survey of all the four circles were completed during the year under report. As a result of the short-cut and house enumeration survey of No. 1 Circle it was found that 12 houses were outside the range of tax assessment, 283 houses were cancelled as some of the houses had disappeared and some were found to be outside the water rate boundaries, and 576 new houses were assessed to water tax.

5. There was no change in the rate of water tax which remained at Re. 1/8/- per inhabited house. The year opened Demand and Collection. with an arrear demand of Rs. 30,254/3/- of which Rs. 5,869/14/- was collected. Out of the current demand of Rs. 14,255/8/- Rs. 5,429/8/- was collected and a further sum of Rs. 2,694/2/6 was collected in the shape of fine and fees during the year under report. So the total sum collected during the year under report was Rs. 13,993/8/6.

Rs. 73/8/- was remitted for houses found to be more than 440 yards from the nearest hydrant and Rs. 3,203/14/- was remitted on account of houses cancelled from assessment for the reasons stated in paragraph 4. Rs. 1,541/10/- was remitted as ordinary remission for the poor and infirmed. Total remission was therefore Rs. 4,819/- during the year under report as against Rs. 4,556/5/- remitted in the previous year.

The arrears outstanding in the evening of the 30th June, 1938 therefore amounted to Rs. 28,391/5/-.

he detailed receipts during the year under report were as follows :—

Arrears	...	Rs. 5,869-14-0
Current (with Military Contribution) from the Cantonment)	3	5,429- 8-0
Fine and Fees	...	2,694- 2-6
Interest on Investment	...	6,000- 0-0
		19,993- 8-6
Miscellaneous (Court fee etc.)	...	107- 8-0
		Total Rs. 20,101- 0-6

These figures show a small decrease in collection compared with last year's collection which amounted to Rs. 21,214-9-3.

The total expenditure during the year under report was Rs. 13,499-1-0 of which Rs. 11,069-8-0 was spent by the State Engineer's Office for Water Works Establishment and Rs. 2,429-9-0 by the Forest Office maintaining the Collection Staff.

Receipt therefore exceeded expenditure by Rs. 6,601-15-6. At the beginning of the year there was a current balance of Rs. 29,315-11-4 at the credit of the Water Works. By addition of the above surplus the amount at the credit of the Water Works became Rs. 35,917-10-10 at the end of the year under report. In addition to this there is a sum of Rs. 1,20,000/- invested.

6. There were 45 cases pending at the beginning of the year under report and 823 cases were filed and reported during the year of which 16 cases were disposed of by the Forest Member.

One appeal was preferred against the order of the Forest Member.

Cases The appellate court confirmed the order of Forest Member.

Hills.

1. The State Engineer continued to be in charge of the construction and maintenance of all wire suspension bridges in the hills and also the construction of pucca buildings. The Sub-divisional Officers are responsible for the construction and maintenance of all Kateha buildings, bridle paths, petty bridges, and culverts. They are also responsible for the maintenance of the pucca buildings in their sub-divisions.

The P. W. D. Staff consists of 1 overseer, 4 senior Road Mohurris, junior Road Mohurris and 8 Road Lambus, but one junior Road Mohurris was reduced to Road Lambu from January, 1938 on account of incompetence.

2. No new bridle paths were constructed. There are now 1,264 miles of bridle paths altogether.

3. No new wire suspension bridges were constructed during the year under report.

4. Thatched buildings and a C. I. sheet serai in Tamenglong sub-division were renewed during the year.

Details of the expenditure on public works will be found in appendix LXXIV (b).

CHAPTER IX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Valley.

Registration Department.

1. Srijut Sougaijam Somorendra Singh, B. A., Additional Member of the State Darbar continued to hold charge of the Registration Department throughout the year.

He was on tour for 31 days and the Sub-Registrar for 46 days during the year.

2. During the year under report 3,758 documents were presented for registration as against 3,468 in the previous year. Of these 3,590 were registered, 98 were refused and 70 remained pending. The corresponding figures for the last year were 3,291, 106 and 66 respectively.

The fees realized on account of registration of deeds during the year amounted to Rs 5,073-2-0. The corresponding figure for the last year was Rs. 4,507-9-0. The increase is due to the rise in the number of documents presented for registration.

During the year two Marups or Manipuri associations, namely, "The New Manipuri Association" and "Manipur Friends Registration of Meitei Marups and Co-operative Societies." Employment Society" were registered. At the commencement of the year the Co-operative Societies Act II of

912 was adopted in Manipur with such modifications as would suit local conditions in Manipur and the Registration Member was appointed Registrar of Co-operative Societies of the State. During the year the registration of a Co-operative society named "Manipur Co-operative Bank Ltd. Imphal" under the said Act was applied for; the application remained pending for a detailed enquiry.

3. During the year under report 222 Registration Miscellaneous cases were filed to the Registration Member. Of these 164 Case. were disposed of and 58 remained pending. Out of 45 Registration Visit cases effected at private houses, 44 were disposed of by the Sub-Registrar and one by the Registration Member. 4 appeals were preferred against the order of the Registration Member. All of these remained pending. In addition to these, there were 11 appeals filed to the Registration Member against the orders of the Rural Panchayets. Of these eight were disposed of and three remained pending.

4. During the year 75 documents were presented for registration out of which 72 documents were registered by the Jiri Mauzadar as against 102 in the previous year, and three were pending at the close of the year under report.

VEHICLE TAX.

A tax is imposed on all bicycles, tricycles and Motor cycles at the rate of Rs. 1/8/-, Rs. 2/- and Rs. 3/- respectively. This tax is due at the commencement of each financial year. Persons registering new cycles after the 31st December of any year are liable to pay only half the full yearly tax for the remaining portion of that year. The collection of this tax is undertaken by the Registration Department.

During the year under report 313 cycles were newly registered and 149 cycles were cancelled from the register. The total number of registered cycles at the end of the year was 3,571 of which 6 were motor bicycles and 3 tricycles.

The year opened with an arrear demand of Rs. 4,181/- of which Rs. 1,593/6/- was collected (including Rs. 1/8/- paid into the State Office after the 30th June, 1938) and Rs. 525 8/- collected on account of fines for late payment (including As. 7/8/- paid into the State Office after the 30th June, 1938). A sum of Rs. 562/2/- was remitted. So the uncollected balance of the arrears was Rs. 2,325 8/-.

The current demand was Rs. 1,886 4/- of which Rs. 2,891 4/- was collected (inclusive of Rs. 3/- paid into the State Office after 30th June, 1938) and Rs. 6/- remitted. The uncollected balance of the current demand was thus Rs. 1,770/-. On the 30th June, 1938 the total arrear outstanding therefore amounted to Rs. 4,095 8/-. Rs. 370 8/- was collected on account of fines for late payment (including Re. 1/- paid into the State Office after the 30th June, 1938) and Rs. 88 8/- collected on account of fine for infringement of vehicle tax rules.

The total collection during the year was therefore Rs. 5,469 2/- (inclusive of fines) as against Rs. 4,520 4/- (exclusive of fine) in the previous year.

2. Coercive measures were taken by the sale of the defaulting vehicles, arrest of the defaulters and imposition of fines on those who fail to pay their tax before the 30th September, the end of the collection season, and on those who infringe the Vehicle tax rules.

3. Motor tax is imposed on all motor vehicles plying on State roads. But exemption from the payment of this tax is granted to any vehicle registered with the Political Agent.

This tax is levied at the rate of Rs. 50/- annually or Rs. 15/- quarterly on motor lorries and Rs. 20/- annually or Rs. 6/- quarterly on motor cars plying on State roads.

During the year under report "Ordinary" or annual permits were issued to 3 cars and "Special" or quarterly permits issued to 9 cars and 24 lorries. A sum of Rs. 1,122/- was realized on account of motor tax as against Rs. 925/- in the previous year.

The total collection of vehicle tax thus amounted to Rs. 5,666.10/- exclusive of cycle tax and fines against Rs. 5,146.4/- in the previous year.

FOREIGNERS' OFFICE.

1. Srijut Sanjenbam Nodia Chand Singh, B. A., Additional Member of the State Darbar continued to hold charge throughout the period under report. He was on tour for days.

There are 3 main branches in the work of the Foreigners' Office namely (a) Foreigners' Tax and Grazing Fees, (b) Income Tax and Trading Licence Fees and (c) Cattle Export Tax (Vide Chapter IV).

2. Foreigners' Tax is levied at the rate of Rs. 5 a year on each male adult foreigner who stays in the State for more than a week. Grazing Fees are levied at the rate of Rs. 1.4/- per year for each buffalo and annas 12/- for each head of cattle owned by foreigners.

The year opened with an arrear demand of Rs. 22,270. But during the year, 5 foreigners who had already resided in the State were discovered after the submission of the Administration Report for 1936-37. So the total arrear demand on the 1st July, 1937 was Rs. 22,295. The current demand was Rs. 12,849 as against Rs. 11,955 in the previous year. So the total demand was Rs. 35,144.

During the year under report, a sum of Rs. 10,454 of the arrear demand and a sum of Rs. 5,913 of the current demand, in all Rs. 16,367 was collected as against Rs. 13,374 in the previous year. Rs. 2,237 was remitted from fees payable by the old and helpless widows, destitutes, runaways, Pandits etc.; and of this sum Rs. 309 was remitted as remuneration of the 11 Headmen and 7 chowkidars of foreigners' villages.

3. Income tax is payable by foreigners only. Profits are reckoned on the annual turnover of the firms and Income tax is levied on the profits so calculated at the rates in British India except that the minimum taxable income is Rs. 1000/-.

Profits are reckoned as follows :--

Annas 1/2 in the rupee of the total sale price of rice exported from the State.

4% of the sale price of gold and silver sold in the State.

10% of the proceeds from sale of motor Vehicles and Parts.

Anna - 1/6 per rupee of the sale price of miscellaneous goods.

Trading Licence Fees are charged at Rs. 25 and Rs. 10 a year according to the size of the business in addition to any income tax payable. State subjects are not assessed to income tax and Trading License Fees.

The year opened with an arrear demand of Rs. 1,847. The current demand was Rs. 14,768. So the total demand was Rs. 16,615 as compared with last year's demand of Rs. 14,275.

uring the year under report, a sum of Rs. 1,827 of the arrear demand a sum of Rs. 14,208 of the current demand, were collected. A sum Rs. 15 was realised as process fees.

Rs. 64 including process fee of Rs. 24 was remitted. The uncollected sum at the end of the year was Rs. 540.

Income tax was paid by 60 persons while Trading Licence Fees were paid by 195 persons as against 41 persons and 191 persons respectively in the previous year.

There were 18 appeals filed to the President Manipur State Darbar against the orders of the Foreigners' Member. In 2 of these the orders of the Foreigners' Member were modified while in 15 his orders were held and 1 appeal remained pending with the President Manipur State Darbar. Seven appeals were filed to the Political Agent in Manipur against orders of the President, Manipur State Darbar. In all of these cases the orders of the President Manipur State Darbar were upheld.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

1. Babu Krishna Narain Varma, Veterinary Officer, held charge of the department throughout the year. He was on leave for the period from 1 February to 5th May, 1938.

Babu Rajdhon Singh, Touring Assistant was on tour for 81 days, travelling 1,448 miles by rail, boat and road and visited 198 villages during the year under report.

During the absence of the Veterinary Officer on leave the Touring Assistant held the charge of his Office in addition to his own duties. He was on leave from 7th May to 5th June, 1938.

TREATMENT OF DISEASES.

2. Appendix XXXIII shows the number of deaths from contagious diseases during the year under report.

(a) The total number of deaths from contagious diseases during the year under report as against the number during the last year is as follows.

Kind of animal	Current year	Previous year
Equine	4	12
Bovine	443	514
Others	70	69
	517	595

EQUINE.

(b) This disease broke out sporadically at different times at Imphal during the year under report and was responsible for Anthrax. for 4 deaths against 11 during the previous year.

BOVINE.

(c) This disease broke out during April, 1937 and prevailed up to November 1937. It again started in June, 1938 and ~~Foot-and-mouth disease.~~ is still prevailing. It was reported from 356 places against 308 of the previous year and 234 deaths have been recorded as against 208 during the last year, amongst the old and debilitated animals.

(d) This disease was reported from one place during the year under report as against two during the previous year. It ~~Haemorrhagic epti-caemia.~~ appeared in a sporadic form carrying off one head of cattle against 37 for the previous year. Strict steps towards segregation and disinfection stopped its further spread.

(e) This disease was reported from one village and was responsible for 12 deaths as against 2 during the previous year. ~~Black quarter.~~ Prompt inoculation of the contact animals stopped the disease immediately.

~~(f)~~ One death of this heading occurred amongst the Government Transport bullocks. Immediate inoculation of the remaining animals stopped its spread. Last year 5 deaths were recorded from this disease. ~~✓~~

(g) 56 deaths shown under this heading were reported by the ~~Other contagious diseases.~~ chaukidars from time to time long after the actual occurrence, and no definite diagnosis could be made.

(h) The number of deaths shown under this heading is 139 as reported by the chowkidars. This figure must be taken as ~~Other causes, not of contagious nature.~~ being very approximate as there are bound to be other deaths which were not reported.

OTHERS.

(i) 78 cases of Rabies were kept under observation. Out of these ~~Rabies.~~ 22 cases were confirmed and later proved fatal.

(j) 146 animals were treated for this disease and out of these ~~Distemper.~~ 48 died.

PREVENTIVE INOCULATION.

3. Appendix XXXIV shows the results of preventive inoculations undertaken during the year under report.

(a) During the three outbreaks of Anthrax 5 animals had died ~~Anthrax.~~ before inoculation could be undertaken. 28 equines and 29 bovines were inoculated and amongst these there was no death.

(b) 98 animals were inoculated. There were 12 deaths prior to inoculation but no deaths amongst the inoculated animals. ~~Black-quarter.~~

The machinery is modern and consists of a Double Demy Wharfedale Printing machine and various machines for cutting, ruling, ^{Machinery.} paging and perforating the forms and books printed. All the machines are in good order and a new Paging machine was added during the year.

The Press printed forms for use in the State as usual, and in addition printed 30,273 copies of text books during the year for the Education department which are issued through the State Office Library.

It also undertook private work on account of which a sum of Rs. 163/8/7- was credited to the State during the year.

The State Office Library sold 21,864 copies of text books during the year against 21,097 in the previous year; of these, 21,440 were printed by the State Press, and 424 indented from Calcutta. In addition forms and stationery were supplied to the Hydro Electric Board and private individuals. The total value (sale price) of all these supplied for the whole year amounted to Rs. 3,185/14.5-, less Rs. 179/2/11- on account of commission to bonafide agents, as against Rs. 3,642 in the previous year.

The actual cost to the State of all these (materials and labour only) was Rs. 1,533/7/11-.

PROPERTY OUTSIDE THE STATE.

Property outside the State remained the same as last year. The total cost of maintenance of this property during the year under report amounted to Rs. 1,656/-.

ARCHÆOLOGY.

For many years Srijut Wahengbam Yumjao Singh, the Superintendent, State Press, has carried on investigations privately, and has brought to light many interesting relics relating to the past history of Manipur. Since 1933-34 the State has given a small sum annually to assist in these researches.

During the year under report the Shangaithen excavation was continued and some stone utensils and a potsherd were discovered. The actual plinth of the old Palace building was also discovered late this year, but on account of the rains setting in the hole of the first main post could not be traced.

HILLS.

1. There were 708 guns in the hill. There is also one cannon held ^{Guns.} by a Kabui village in the West Sub-Division.

The policy followed is to issue guns as far as possible to villages and not to individuals. According to the rules now in force in the State, a village must have more than 30 houses before an application for a license to hold a gun is considered.

(c) One animal died of this disease before inoculation could be undertaken. 55 animals were inoculated and not ~~aemorrhagic Septi. Caemia~~, one of these animals died.

Appendix XXXV shows the work done in mufassil. The total number of cases treated for contagious and non-contagious cases comes to 3,969 as against 2,668 cases treated during the last yr. There is an increase of 1,301 patients. 33 castrations were done the Mufassil by Burdizoo's method.

Appendix XXXVI shows the work done at the Veterinary Hospital. (a) Total number of patients treated under this heading comes to indoor patients 69 against 87 treated last year.

(b) Number of patients thus treated during the year under report Out-door patients is 13,657 against 17,497 cases treated last year.

(c) The number of such cases treated during the year comes to Mufassil cases 9,590 as against 20,574 of the last year.

Under the two headings (b & c) there is a great decrease as shown below :—

	Current year.	Previous year.	Decrease.
Outdoor	13,657	17,497	3,840
Mufassil	9,590	20,574	10,984
	23,247	38,071	14,824

This great decrease is chiefly due to the abatement of Foot-and-mouth disease.

(d) During the year under report 284 castrations were done against Castrations. 163 performed last year.

5. The total expenditure incurred for this Department during the year under report was Rs. 5,228 as against Rs. 5,305 in the previous year.

GENERAL.

7. 513 major and 92 minor operations were performed during the year under report against 363 major and 109 minor operations last year.

8. During the year under report one case of surra was successfully treated against 3 treated during the last year.

9. 4 dogs were given Prophylactic treatment against Rabies while one was given curative treatment. In both these treatments, the Anti-rabie vaccine was obtained from the Pasteur Institute Shillong at the cost of the owners. So far all these animals are in perfect health.

Reporting of cattle diseases by the Chaukidars was fairly satisfactory.

PRESS AND LIBRARY.

1. Srijut Wahengbam Yumjao Singh continued to hold charge as Superintendent of the State Press throughout the year. The total cost of the department for the year under report was Rs. 5,139.

In Sadar there are 271 guns, 87 held by Kukis, 112 by Mao Nagas, by Kacha Nagas, 12 by Maram Nagas, 12 by Khoiraos, three by buis and one by Tangkhuls and the rest by other tribes.

In East Sub-Division there are 140 guns (including 6 double barrel each loading guns), 43 held by Kukis, 60 by Tangkhuls, two by *gamis*, four by Marings, 4 by Anals, 17 by Lambus and 10 by State servants.

In West Sub-Division there are 297 guns including one cannon held a Kabui village. Thirty two guns are held by State servants, 206 by Kukis, 38 by Kabuis, 12 by Kacha Nagas, one by Chirus. There are 7 guns kept as loan guns and 2 guns remain in office unsold.

2. Red cloths are issued by the State to all Lambus. They are also issued to headmen of Tangkhul, Mao, Maram, Red Cloth. Kacha Naga and Angami villages.

3. In Sadar 18,398 coolies were impressed for State Works. In the East Sub-Division 32,766 were impressed. In West Impressed Labour 22,922 coolies were impressed. The coolies are paid.

HYDRO ELECTRIC SCHEME.

1. The Hydro Electric Scheme was started with capital put up by the State, and it is managed on behalf of the Darbar Administration. by a Board consisting of six Members under the chairmanship of the Political Agent. The President and the Police Member represent the Darbar directly on the Board.

2. The statement below show the receipts and expenditure during the

Receipts and Expenditure year :—

(a)	Receipts during the year 1937-38	...	Rs. 48,563/-
(b)	Add opening balance—		
	In the Treasury	Rs. 9,523/-	}
	„ „ Imperial Bank	Rs. 656/-	
			Rs. 10,179/-
		Total	Rs. 58,742/-
(c)	Expenditure during the year 1937-38.		
	In the Treasury	Rs. 29,283/-	}
	„ „ Imperial Bank	Rs. 11,650/-	
		...	Rs. 40,933
(d)	Closing Balance.		
	In the Imphal Treasury	Rs. 9,804/-	}
	„ „ Imperial Bank	Rs. 8,005/-	
		...	Rs. 17,809/-

In addition to this there is in the Reserve :—

(a) Postal Cash Certificates of Rs. 4,670/- to be matured on 3/7/39.

(b) Cash awaiting investments in Government Promissory Notes— Rs. 40,290/14/-

Investment was postponed pending enquiries about liability for Income Tax.

3. The details of receipts were as follows :—

Details of receipts.	(a) Power supply	...	Rs. 25,108/-
	(b) Lights and Fans	...	Rs. 20,953/-
	(c) Miscellaneous	...	Rs. 2,373/-
	(d) Process fees	...	Rs. 129/-
	Total	...	Rs. 48,563/-

The receipts under the major heads show an improvement on last year. As explained in last year's report, the receipts from Power Supply are an uncertain quantity, because they depend on good harvests which produce rice for export. One bad harvest or a serious flood might reduce this source of income to almost nothing. The real success of the Scheme depends on the income from Lights and Fans, and it is satisfactory to note the gradual increase in receipts from this source. Large extensions were made during the year at a cost of about Rs. 9,500/- as follows :—

(a) Kangjupkhul road at a cost of about	Rs. 3,500/-
(b) Cantonment barracks Do	Rs. 3,500/-
(c) Several minor extensions Do	Rs. 2,500/-

It is the policy of the Board to make extensions wherever there is a reasonable prospect of future profit, even if the immediate return is small. It is expected that the extensions made this year will result in a still greater demand for electricity, and consequently increased receipts from Lights and Fans.

4. The main heads of expenditure are as follows :—

Details of Expenditure.	(a) Reserve	...	Rs. 10,000/-
	(b) Dividend and interest on Flood Loan	...	Rs. 12,193/-
	(c) Extensions	...	Rs. 9,500/-
	(d) Repairs and renewals	...	Rs. 3,300/-

5. In the budget for 1938-39, it has been proposed that the dividend on the Darbar's Capital be paid at 10% and that Dividend on Capital and Reserve. a further sum of Rs. 5,000/- be put aside to the Reserve which will then amount to Rs. 50,000/-. The payments of these sums pre-supposes no major calamity during the year.

6. There were only 3 failures of current during the year, each being only for an hour or so. They were due to the fall Occasional break-downs and their causes. of a branch, a bat, and a sudden flood and deposit of silt at the flume in-take. They were promptly attended to. There was no whole night failure of current.

7. One oil Circuit Breaker was installed during the year at a cost of Rs. 510/-. This appliance automatically cuts off Improvement to plant. the current if there is any accident on the line, thus lessening the damage. More than Rs. 6,000/- was spent for measures to avoid recurrence of the damage from flood. Among other things a

At trap was installed, the river was widened, and boulder mattress
ere erected to protect the banks of the Leimakhong from undercutting.

8. The demand for current continues to increase, and the year has
been a prosperous one. There has been a steady
General. improvement in the regularity of the supply
urrent. Interruptions have been rare and such, as have occurred, have
been quickly put right. Mr. Jeffery and his assistants are to be
congratulated on their efficient work.

APPENDIX I.

Names of High Officials in the Manipur State showing changes in personnel during the year 1937-38.

Names of Officers.	Appointments.	Period.	
		From.	To.
1	2	3	4
A R H Macdonald Esq I C S	President, Manipur State Darbar	1st July 1937	30th June 1938
Sujit Nongmaithem Shyamcharan Singh Schingba	Ordinary Member of the Manipur State Darbar	ditto	ditto
Do Rajkumar Bhaskor Singh Khurairakpa	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Mahajakumar Priyabrat Singh, B A	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Sougajam Sonorendra Singh, B A	Additional Member of the Manipur State Darbar	ditto	ditto
Do Lairomnayum Ibungohal Singh, B A, B L	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Sanjenbam Nodachand Singh, B A	ditto	ditto	ditto
C F Jeffery Esq M I M F	State Engineer	ditto	ditto
S J Duncan Esq B A, E A C	Sub Divisional Officer	ditto	ditto
Sujit Arambam Ibungohal Singh, B A, B W	Assistant to the President Manipur State Darbar	ditto	ditto
R H Shaw Esq B A, E A C	Sub Divisional Officer	ditto	ditto
Sujit Angom Tomchoubi Singh, Angom Ningthou	President of the Cherap Court	ditto	ditto
Do Rajkumar Digendra Singh, Khwairakpa	Member of the Cherap Court	ditto	ditto
Do Thabal Suma	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Khongjom Singh	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Chingilbam Meiyulhawa Singh	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Kengubam Jhulon Singh	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Ngangbam Shyamalishen Singh, Yaiskull depa	President of the Sader Panchayat Court	ditto	ditto
Do Angom Dorendra Singh	Member of the Sader Panchayat Court	ditto	ditto
Do Hyun Iralot Singh	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Thangjam Malhumtagol Singh	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Onam Nidhawa Singh	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Angom Boudhman Singh	ditto	ditto	ditto
Do Yendrembam Chaoboi Singh	Offg A D C to His Highness the Maharaja	ditto	ditto
Do Waikhom Chhoba Singh, B A	Superintendent State Office	ditto	ditto
Babu Chandra Nath De	Maunzadar, Zirbam	ditto	ditto
Do Krishna Niran Varma	Veterinary Assistant Surgeon	ditto	ditto
Sujit Rajkumar Setu Singh, B A	Sub Deputy Collector	ditto	31st August 1937
Do Do Do	Land Settlement Officer	1st September 1937	30th June 1938
Do Sarat Chandra Baruwa S D C	Land Revenue Officer	24th August 1937	ditto
Do Dwijamani Dev Sarma, M A	Offg Deputy Inspector of Schools	1st July 1937	ditto
Do Khomoram Dhamachandi Singh	Inspector of Civil Police	ditto	ditto
Do Wahengbam Yungao Singh	Superintendent State Press	ditto	ditto
Do Huidrom Meghchandra Singh	Subadar Major of the Manipur State Military Police	ditto	ditto
Mr Commandur Padmanab, B Sc (Edn) F R N S (London)	Forest Officer	ditto	ditto

APPENDIX II.

Figures of the Maximum and Minimum Temperature of Manipur
for the year 1937-38

Maxima Minima	Year 1937						Year 1938					
	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June
Maxima	93	22	92	89	78	76	71	76	85	90	90	72
Minima	76	22	74	63	52	49	47	51	54	63	62	52

APPENDIX III.

Statement of Rainfall in the year 1937-38.

MANIPUR STATE	Year 1937						Year 1938						Total of Past Year	Average of 10 years	
	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June			
Imphal	671	959	1119	1224	157	179	129	51	414	205	1240	997	5745	5686	
Chenlong	3511	3552	1069	1083	13	234	188	232	1373	1415	3187	15857	16576	16251	
Angpokpi	2504	3020	1584	1782	430	336	335	1302	896	2176	3116	17781	13229	—	
Khrul	1159	1413	382	641	10	140	118	87	518	237	1237	1123	7065	6759	6934
Murachandpur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3529	—	—

APPENDIX IV.

Civil Cases (Original Suits) in the Land Revenue Court in 1937-38.

Name of Cases	Instituted				Disposed of				Method of disposal during the year				Others, disposed of
	In previous year	During current year	Previous year	Total	Current year	Previous year	Total	Previous year	Abolition, Revival & compromised	Struck off and filed	Total	Average of 10 years	
Miscellaneous	1,576	2,743	1,519	5,838	1,091	1,969	1,075	10	1,737	170	62	—	—
Mutation	596	3,002	3,595	516	1,139	1,675	125	1,571	93	—	—	—	—
Title suit	33	90	123	19	20	39	—	28	—	11	—	—	—
Civil suit	8	—	8	3	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
New land	724	1,009	1,733	337	553	1,136	—	1,014	115	—	—	—	—
Partition	218	481	699	190	235	425	—	282	143	—	—	—	—
Bodor	13	32	32	—	15	15	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
Fishery	13	7	20	3	7	10	2	3	—	5	—	—	—
Total	3,168	7,364	10,532	2,166	3,100	5,266	12	4,651	539	64	—	—	—

APPENDIX IV (A)

Statement No. 9 Showing Civil cases (Original suits) in the Land Revenue Court Jiribam for the year 1937-38.

Name of Cases	Instituted			Disposed of			Method of disposal during the year			Remarks		
	In previous year but not disposed of	During current year	Total	Previous year	Current year	Total	Ex parte	Admitted and compromised	Struck off the file			
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Miscellaneous	100	132	232	48	73	121	71	35	7	8		
Mutation	4	44	89	30	19	49	40	3	6			
Partition	3	13	48	16	2	18	14		1	3		
New land Case	115	0	184	32	11	43	37		3	3		
Relinquishment	4	2	6	2		2	2					
Total	294	260	559	128	105	233	104	35	14	20		

APPENDIX V.

Civil Cases (Execution) in the Land Revenue Office in 1937-38

Name of Cases	APPLICATION			DISPOSED OF			Nature of application pending at the end of year		
	Filed in previous year but not disposed of	Filed in current year	Total	Previous year	Current year	Total	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months
Lousal	7		7	6		6			1
Sale	10		39	29	1	24		10	6
Possession	0	74	113	40	12	58	17		13
Total	10	74	150	75	12	87	17	15	20

APPENDIX V (A)

Sale Case Statement for 1937-38 in the Imphal Land Revenue Office

Name of Punt	No. of Sale Cases	Amount	Amount realised before sal	Amount in dis. by sal	Dismissal	Failure	No. of cases pending	Remarks
Naharup	7 120	2 475 40	16 30 140	2 80 140	789 9 0	12 72 9 14 0	3 18	
Ahdup	13 407	48 0 8 3 0	11 080 12 0	119 12 0	3 0 9 14 0	28 401 14 0	9 19	
Lalbam	11 186	4 414 1 0	22 100 0 9	1 1 7 0	1 002 1 0	19 984 0 3	0 077	
Khabam	13 098	56 286 3 0	17 2 10 0	1 7 0 2 11 0	2 0 3 8 0	6 415 7 6	12 140	
Imphal	15 021	23 867 12 9	7 980 4 0	301 2 0	446 1 0	15 0 9 7 9	8,984	
	60 932	2 05 041 14 9	79 061 9 9	1534 14 0	7 854 10 0	1 12 570 12 6	29 762	

APPENDIX V (B)

Statement showing Sale cases for the year 1937-38. (Jiribam)

Name of cases	No. of cases	Amount	Amount realized before sale	Amount realized by sale	Remission including L. rate and D. fine	Balance including L. rate and D. fine	No. of cases pending	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Sale cases	548	Rs. As. 5,921.11	Rs. As. 5,410.0	Rs. As. 58.0	Rs. As. 57.7	Rs. As. 396.4	28	
Total	548	Rs. As. 5,921.11	Rs. As. 5,410.0	Rs. As. 58.0	Rs. As. 57.7	Rs. As. 396.4	28	

APPENDIX VI.

Land Revenue Appeals for the year 1937-38.

Name of the Court	Filed during			Disposed of			Decisions				
	Previous years but not disposed of	Current year	Total	Previous year	Current year	Total	Confirmed	Modified	Reversed	Referred back to Lower Court	Compromised or otherwise disposed of
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
President Manipur State Durbar (S. O.)	11	127	138	11	111	122	75	16	0	1	

APPENDIX VI (A).

REVISIONAL COURT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH OF MANIPUR.

Revenue Appeals for the year 1937-38
(From 1st July 1937 to 30th June 1938).

Previous year	Filed			Disposed of			Decisions				
	Present year	Total	Previous year	Present year	Total	Confirmed	Modified	Reversed	Referred back to Lower Court	Compromised or otherwise disposed of	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
22	37	59	13	27	40	35	1	3	1		

APPENDIX VII

Annual Statement of Land Revenue for 1937-38

Name of P.M.	Demand			Collection			Revenue			Balance			Remarks
	Arrear	Current		Total	Arrear		Current		Total		Arrear		Remarks
		Arrear	Current		Arrear	Current	Arrear	Current	Arrear	Current	Arrear	Current	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
60,82,411	1,04,242	0	1,17,324	82	12,462	0	71,649	0	1,14,219	3	6,82,410	0	60,82,411
Amount	1,8	27100	1,80,014	0	24,83116	0	10,80,014	0	24,80136	0	11,024	80	29,261,016
Wholes	1,64,014	0	6,01,313	0	2,89113	0	13,16,63	0	8,21,80	0	13,0111	0	1,64,014
Laufu	2,13,010	0	1,20,014	10	71,111	0	7,01,010	0	11,10,20	0	10,10	0	7,410,020
Kabulam	72,011	0	8,17,70	10	1,01,012	0	20,8710	0	2,72,20	0	1,01,011	0	7,411,011
Int'l	6,44,500	0	4,61,8710	0	1,01,821	0	1,72,147	0	1,70,1	0	1,70,1	0	2,711,102
Total	644,500	0	4,61,8710	0	1,01,821	0	1,72,147	0	1,70,1	0	1,70,1	0	2,711,102

Amount collected before the close of the year but credited afterwards, (current or previous), Arrears 052110, Total 1,57,210.

APPENDIX VII (A) Jhibam.

Statement showing the Demand, Collection, Remission and Balance of Land Revenue during the year 1937-38.

1	Demand			Collection			Remission			Balance			Remarks	
	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P		
Current	9,831	4	0	4,650	2	0	20	11	0	5,160	7	0	Small decrease in the collection was due to the damage of A hudhan for draught and Maw.	
Arrear	5,492	1	0	5,089	3	0	50	14	0	352	0	0		
Total Rs.	15,323	5	0	9,739	5	0	71	9	0	5,512	7	0		

APPENDIX VIII.

Strength and details of the Military Police Force for the year 1937-38.

1	Strength of Force						Details of Force						Cost			
	At the end of the Previous year		Died during the year		Increased during the year		Decreased during the year		Recruited during the year		No. of Officers		No. of Constables			
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
236	10	25	224	3	6	8	2	16	8	170	3	21	23	10	30,284	3,580

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the number and nature of crimes committed in the valley during the year 1937-1938.

NUMBER OF OFFENCES	Description of Offences	Section	Offences against the public tranquility	Content of the lawful authority of public servants	Offences relating to human body	Offences against property	Offences relating to documents		Criminal intimidation	Total								
							1	2										
	Balance from past year		1	4	1	3	4	3	2		18							
	Committed during the present year	1	1	12	12	2	1	17	196	1	14	38	1	1	2	1	2	303
	No. of persons apprehended			7	16	1	1	8	86		10	38			6			173
	No. of persons convicted			6	7			3	65		8	24			6			119
	Number of persons sentenced							2	34			17						55
	Imprisonment								23		8	5						41
	Imprisonment and fine									1	1							16
	Fine									7								7
	Whipping																	
	Number of persons detained																	
	Number of persons confined being in prison							1										1
	Number of persons died during or before trial																	
	Time of Imprisonment																	
	Under one month							1	1			1						3
	From 1 to 2 months							1	1									2
	From 2 to 3 months								5			4						10
	From 3 to 6 months								14			7						24
	From 6 to 12 months								24			3						28
	From 1 to 2 years								10			7						19
	From 2 to 3 years								2									2
	From 3 to above 5 years										8							8
	Capital punishment																	

5 persons were bound down in the lines of C. R. P. C. and 18 persons were warned u/s 250 C. R. P. C.

APPENDIX X

Statement showing the working of the Civil Police during the year 1937-38

Number of offences committed		Number of persons arrested		Number of persons sent for trial		Number of convict ed		Number of persons sent for trial		Percentage of conviction		Persons detained in prison		
Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	
MANIPUR STATE														
	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	
	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year	Particulars	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Civil Cases	227	30	202	163	10	161	113	119	6	8	0.70	68.78	80.14	70.00

APPENDIX XI

Criminal cases for the year 1937-38

Valley

Number of cases	Bailed out		Dismissed		Not proven		Convicted		Detained		Convicted and detained		
	Particulars	Year	Particulars	Year									
Number of cases	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Imphal State Durbar Court	2	3	37	1	8	0	1	0	8	0	17	0	1
High Court	24	4	68	21	22	33	21	177	6	9	0	2	17
Court of the Manipur Jiribam	14	10	11	12	17	7	8	3	1	0	0	0	0
Own Land Jiribam Court	10	10	215	17	103	180	101	10	3	22	3	1	24
Total	0	81	80	41	71	76	37	61	86	70	76	61	41
Makhang Panchayet	3	1	4	3	0	3	10	0	0	3	0	0	10
Saombung Panchayet	4	3	10	4	25	32	22	22	8	0	0	0	4
Chingming Lomchayet	1	9	10	1	9	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sekmai Panchayet	18	18	18	18	18	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Irimbung Panchayet	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Wangor Panchayet	14	14	14	14	14	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Nambol Awin, Panchayet	1	21	22	1	21	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
Yarbok Panchayet	20	20	20	20	20	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Muhammadin Panchayet	2	20	22	1	17	18	6	10	7	0	0	0	7
Wangjing Panchayet	1	7	8	1	6	13	10	3	0	0	0	0	7
Langmordong Panchayet	44	44	44	44	44	42	10	4	0	0	0	0	10
Bishnupur Panchayet	63	63	62	62	18	48	16	0	0	0	0	0	23
Monung Lomchayet	3	3	2	2	37	30	0	4	0	0	0	0	21
Total	17	410	413	16	98	111	185	210	56	0	20	0	132
Grand total	67	1233	1302	60	1133	1193	612	581	86	126	70	90	176

APPENDIX XII.
Criminal Appeals for the year 1937-38.
(Valley)

Name of Court	Filed			Disposed of			Sentences		
	Previous year			Present year			Previous years		
	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
High Court	17	1	2	3	113	13	57	70	38
High State Darbar	15	98	95	97	113	13	57	70	38
State Court	2				2	2	92	37	4
Total	17	103	210	210	15	149	164	25	12

APPENDIX XII (A).
REVIEWER OF HIS HIGHNESS PRINCE MALLA RAM
OF MYSORE.

Criminal Appeals for the year 1937-38.
(From 1st July 1937 to 30th June 1938)

Filed	disposed of			disposed			disposed		
	Previous years	Present year	Total	Appealed			Decided		
				Decided	Rejected	Dismissed	Decided	Rejected	Dismissed
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	24	34	9	18	27	23	2	4	11

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil cases (Original Suits) for the year 1937-38.

(Valley)

Name of Court	Instituted			Disposed of			Method of disposal during the year				
	Years	Current year		Total	Previous years		Current year	Total	Exports	Admitted and compromised	Struck off the file
		Current year	Total		5	6					
1	2	3	4								
Manipur State Darbar	3	76	79	3	73	76	15	6	3	52	
Cherap Court	12	178	190	12	169	181	26	3	41	199	
Court of the Mauzadar, Jiribam	9	17	26	6	12	18			13	4	1
Town Panchayet Court	57	780	837	54	733	787	325	9	113	340	
Total	81	1,051	1,132	75	987	1,062	368	31	161	502	
Makhang Panchayet	4	32	46	4	41	45	5	24	13		
Naombung Panchayet	4	86	90	4	81	85	26	21	16	22	
Chingnang Panchayet	1	22	23	1	22	23	4	8		11	
Sekmai Panchayet		58	58		58	58	5	28	4	21	
Irinbung Panchayet		27	27		26	26	9	7	8	2	
Wangor Panchayet	1	41	42	1	41	42	14	4	11	13	
Nambol Awang Panchayet	2	75	77	2	71	73	14	19	12	38	
Yarbok Panchayet		53	53		51	51	6	36	9		
Muhammadan Panchayet	4	79	83	4	78	82	9	29	36	8	
Wangjing Panchayet	12	57	69	12	53	65	7	11	17	30	
Kangmeidong Panchayet	1	60	61	1	60	61	7	12	3	39	
Rehempur Panchayet	2	162	164	2	157	159	29	80	12	38	
Korirang Panchayet	11	129	140	11	116	127	52	47	9	19	
Total	42	891	933	42	855	897	190	326	140	241	
Grand total	123	1,912	2,065	117	1,842	1,959	558	357	301	743	

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Cases (Execution) for the year 1937-38.

(Valley)

Name of Court	Applications			Disposed of			Nature of applications pending at end of year		
	Previous year	Current year	Total	Previous years	Current year	Total	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Manipur State Darbar	91	35	126	83	33	116	—	2	8
Cherap Court	19	50	69	14	30	44	15	5	5
Court of the Manzadar, Jiribam	63	13	76	9	7	16	4	2	54
Town Panchayat Court	343	262	605	110	110	220	150	95	140
Total	516	360	876	216	180	396	169	104	207

APPENDIX XV.

Civil Appeals for the year 1937-38.

(Valley)

Name of Court	Filed			Disposed of			Decisions				
	Previous year	Present year	Total	Previous years	Present year	Total	Confirmed	Modified	Revised	Referred back to Lower Court	Compromised or otherwise disposed of
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Manipur State Darbar	71	238	309	71	106	157	113	12	32	16	4
Cherap Court	18	341	359	18	332	350	161	12	102	41	34
Total	89	579	668	89	438	537	274	24	134	57	38

APPENDIX XV (A).

REVISIONAL COURT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH
OF MANIPUR.Civil Appeals for the year 1937-38.
(From 1st July 1937 to 30th June 1938).

Filed			Disposed of			Decisions				
Previous year	Present year	Total	Previous year	Present year	Total	Confirmed	Modified	Revised	Referred back to Lower Court	Compromised or otherwise disposed of
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
54	77	131	30	47	77	68	1	3	1	4

APPENDIX XVI
Miscellaneous cases for the year 1937-38.
(Valley)

Name of Court	Instituted			Disposed of during the year		
	Previous years	Present year	Total	Previous year	Present year	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Manipur State Darbar	20	201	230	25	116	141
Chorp Court	23	292	315	18	225	243
Court of the Mezalai Jiribam	19	71	90	16	45	61
Town Panchayet Court	31	106	137	17	93	110
Total	102	670	772	76	479	555

APPENDIX XVI (A)
**REVISIONAL COURT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH
 OF MANIPUR.**
Miscellaneous Cases for the year 1937-38
(From 1st July to 30th June 1938)

Instituted			Disposed of during the year		
Previous year	Present year	Total	Previous year	Present year	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6
75	10	84	—	14	17

APPENDIX XVI (B)
Miscellaneous Cases for the year 1937-38.

Name of the Court	Filed during			Disposed of		
	Previous years but not disposed of	Current year	Total	Previous year	Current year	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
President, Manipur State Darbar	20	280	300	13	264	277

APPENDIX XVI (C)
Income Tax Appeal for the year 1937-38

Name of the court	Filed during			Disposed of			Decisions				
	Previous year but not disposed of	Current year	Total	Previous year	Current year	Total	Appeal	Refused	Left to Lower Court		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
President, Manipur State Darbar	44	45	1	30	40	36	2	1	—	—	—

APPENDIX XVII.

Number and nature of Crimes from the 1st July 1937 to 30th June 1938.

(All Hill Courts combined)

DESCRIPTION OF CHARGES												
OFFENCES	1			2			3			4		
	Balance from past year	Committed during the present year	of persons apprehended	of persons convicted	of persons acquitted or discharged	Number of persons confined being insane	Number of persons died during or before trial	Under one month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	
NUMBER OF PERSONS SENTENCED												
Imprisonment and fine	Simple	Simple	61	24	8	98	22	2	1	281	36	
	Rigorous	Rigorous	33	16	41	47	2	2	1	148		
Imprisonment and fine	Simple	Simple	7	7	44	28	2	2	1	123		
	Rigorous	Rigorous										
	Line	Line	13	16	31	12						
	Whipping	Whipping		2	2	2						
Number of persons acquitted or discharged	2	22	7	27	32					1	111	
Number of persons confined being insane												
Number of persons died during or before trial												
Number of persons discharged without trial (compromised)					11	1					12	
TERMS OF IMPRISONMENT	Under one month	3									3	
	From 1 to 2 months	2					1				4	
	From 2 to 3 months	1									1	
	From 3 to 6 months	1	3	1	11						16	
	From 6 to 12 months	1	3	1	1	1					6	
	From 1 to 2 years										1	
	From 2 to 3 years											
	From 3 to above 5 years											
	Capital punishment											
Awaiting trial		5	10	3	17						3	

APPENDIX XVIII

Hill Criminal cases from the 1st July 1937 to 30th June 1938

Name of Court	Instituted		Disposed of		Number of persons during the year		Convicted to	Committee or Transferred						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		Current year	Total		Previous year		Total	Discharged without trial	Acquitted	Imprisoned	Fine	Imprisonment	Other punishment	
Sadar	26	103	129	19	83	102	82	20	34	3	12	2	9	
Ukhrul	3	29	32	3	26	29	12	11	21	1	13	2	6	
Tamenglong	7	16	23	6	13	19	1	17	1	11	2	1	6	
Total	36	148	184	28	122	150	13	110	21	86	7	3	8	

APPENDIX XIX

Hill Civil cases (Original suits) from the 1st July 1937
to 30th June 1938

Name of Court	Instituted		Disposed of		Method of disposal during the year		Committee or Transferred				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Current year	Total		Previous years	Current year	Total	Dismissed	Settled out of the suit	Settled on the suit	On review disposed of	
Sadar	102	405	507	81	22	313	23	7	3	225	
Ukhrul	9	471	566	90	413	303	9	151	7	336	
Tamenglong	101	237	41	98	141	239	10	171	33	3	
Total	301	1113	1414	209	786	1003	41	579	60	567	

APPENDIX XX.

Hill Miscellaneous Cases from the 1st July 1937 to 30th June 1938.

Name of Court	Instituted			Disposed of during the year			Total	
	In Previous years but not disposed of	Present year	Total	Previous years		Present year		
				1	2	3		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	
Sadar	190	753	943	129	560	—	689	
Ukhrul	40	236	296	36	227	—	263	
Tamenglong	44	202	246	40	171	—	211	
Total	274	1,211	1,485	203	938	—	1,163	

APPENDIX XXI.

Hill Criminal Appeals from the 1st July 1937 to 30th June 1938

Name of court	Filed in				Disposed of				Sentences				P. pending at the end of the year	
	Previous years but not disposed of	Present year			Previous year	Present year	Total	Court	Meat	P. pending	P. rejected	P. remitted to the court		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	—	—	13
Political Agent's Court President, Manipur State Darbar's Court	2	8	5	—	8	8	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Total	2	9	11	—	2	8	10	7	3	—	—	—	—	1

APPENDIX XXII.

APPENDIX XXII.

Name of Court.	Filed in			Decided of			Comprised or otherwise disposed of	Pending at the close of the year
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Political Agent's Court, State of Bihar, Ranchi	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
President's Court, State of Bihar, Ranchi	7	223	30	7	21	28	10	12
Disturbance Court	13	272	85	13	63	70	14	13
Total	20	935	115	20	84	104	45	44

APPENDIX NINETEEN INTERDISTRICT CASES FROM THE 1st JUDG. 1932 TO 30th JUNE 1935.

State, Division	Instituted			Divisions 1-10			Remarks
	Provincial Year	Provincial Year	Total	Provincial Year	Provincial Year	Total	
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
Total	81	30	111	43	10	53	

APPENDIX XXIV.

Statement showing the Collection of Forest Department for the year 1937-38.

Particulars	Demand			Collection			Remarks				
	Arrear	Current	Total	Arrear	Current	Total					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	
Cachar Forest Revenue (collected by D. F. O. Cachar)	...	1,197.15.0	1,197.15.0	...	1,197.15.0	1,197.15.0	...	...	...	11,748. 1.9	
Jiri Borak Forest Revenue (collected by Jirimukh F. O.)	...	15,086. 5.9	15,086. 5.9	...	15,086. 5.9	15,086. 5.9	...	...	...	1,100. 3.9	*Rs. 12.8 was refunded as
Heingang, Langol, Kambung and Parum Reserve	...	1,682.12.0	1,682.12.0	...	1,682.12.0	1,682.12.0	...	...	...	1,825. 4.0	R. S. O. rea-
Grass Makal	...	3,728. 0.0	3,728. 0.0	...	3,728. 0.0	3,728. 0.0	...	...	...	2,994. 0.0	bised in excess
Toli Station	...	8,869.12.6	8,869.12.6	...	7,541.12.6	7,541.12.6	...	1,328	8,014.11.0		
Monophes	...	2,338. 5.0	2,338. 5.0	...	1,988. 5.0	1,988. 5.0	...	350	1,322. 0.0		
Lime Pits	...	341.0.0	2,419. 0.0	2,720.0	1,545. 0.0	1,817. 0.0	77.0.0	525	2,907. 0.0		
Valley Reserves (Uyok)	...	58. 0.0	58. 0.0	...	58. 0.0	58. 0.0	...	...	...	58. 0.0	
Misc. Forest Revenue	...	223. 0.6	223. 0.6	...	223. 0.6	223. 0.6	...	...	...	62. 3.0	
House rent of Toli bopos	...	139. 0.0	139. 0.0	...	139. 0.0	139. 0.0	...	...	...	11. 0.0	
Earnest money (Forfeited)	...	50. 3.0	50. 0.0	...	50. 0.0	50. 0.0	...	...	...	...
Total	...	349.0.0	35,443. 2.9	35,792. 2.9	272.0.6	33,240. 2.9	33,512. 2.9	77.0.0	2,203	30,102. 7.6	
Law and Justice court fee	...	94. 0.0	94. 0.0	...	94. 0.0	94. 0.0	...	...	...	109.15.0	
Fine	...	17. 0.0	16. 0.0	...	16. 0.0	16. 0.0	...	...	...	64. 8.0	
Total	...	110. 0.0	110. 0.0	...	110. 0.0	110. 0.0	...	...	...	174. 7.0	
Grand Total	...	349.0.0	35,553. 2.9	35,902. 2.9	272.0.0	33,350. 2.9	33,632. 2.9	77.0.0	2,203	30,276.14.6	

APPENDIX XXXV.

MANIPUR STATE ARTS AND CRAFTS.

1937-38.

Drawal from the State during the year under report.

		Rs. As. P.
(1)	For Manufacture	9,999 10- 3
(2)	," Est. charge	1,188 0- 0
(3)	," Repair	27-14- 0
(4)	," Electric charge	26 14- 0
(5)	," Commission	266-11-10
(6)	," Miscellaneous	1,545 12- 2
	Total	<u>13,054-14- 3</u>

Credit to the State during the year under report.

	Rs. As. P.
Credited as encashment charges	5 0- 0
," under Uniform	1,289-15- 6
," under Sale Proceeds	13,018-14 10
Total	<u>14,313-14- 4</u>
Total of sale in cash and on credit	11,321- 6- 6
," " " sundry debtors per Invoice	1,434- 1- 4
," " " " " Bill (locally)	721-10- 8

Stock valuation after 30th June, 1938.

	Rs. As. P.
Per value	12,698- 1- 6
Per Book value	12,293- 2- 8 } (By checking)

Agent Account.

	Rs. As. P.
W. B. Carbery Dacca	342- 2-0 (not settled yet)
The Good Companions	621- 5-1 do
Mrs. Maitland King, Shillong	426- 3-0 do
Co-proprietor	628-14-3
E. V. Staynor	217- 3-0
Liberty & Co.	595- 6-0
O. Sullivan Darjeeling	59- 0-0
Y. W. C. A.	52- 3-0
Kalimpong	1,816-15-6
Total	4,759- 3-10

During the year under report the following amounts are written off :--

	Rs. As. P.
(1)	251-10-0
(2)	1,248- 0-2 } Vide D. R. No. 13 of 3-7-38.
(3)	47- 7-0 }
(4)	253- 7-0 }
(5)	39- 8-8 Vide D. R. No. 5 of 22-5-38.

APPENDIX XXVI.

Statement showing the actual Receipt for
the year 1937-38. (Valley Budget)

No.	Head of Receipts	Amounts			Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	A.	P.	
	Opening Balance (of the Valley Budget)	2,45,961	1	11	
1	Land Revenue	4,62,092	3	1	
2	Fisheries	50,654	1	3	
3	Foreigners Tax	16,092	14	0	
4	Ferries	956	12	0	
5	Salt	1,718	0	0	
6	Forest (Valley)	35,468	10	9	
7	Law and Justice	13,881	6	0	
8	Jail	4,505	6	5	
9	Excise (including duty on matches)	35,514	8	6	
10	Kabo Valley Compensation	9,495	0	0	
11	Income Tax Trading License Fees	16,177	3	0	
12	Cart Tax	81,500	0	0	
13	Cattle Tax	36,672	0	0	
14	Fine	29,608	13	2	
15	Registration	5,073	2	0	
16	Vehicle Tax	5,666	10	0	
17	Vehicle Tax	28,635	14	0	
18	Mail Contract				
18	Interest on Invested sums (including credit by deduction in the pay bills)	2,659	8	3	
19	Arts and Crafts	14,308	14	1	(Including credits for uniforms)
20	Miscellaneous	17,261	15	2	
21	Library	3,905	12	6	
22	Hydro Electric Board	10,837	4	9	
	Total	8,85,578	15	2	Receipts
(1)	Cash Credit from P. W. D. Stock and Stores	6,164	2	6	
(2)	Book Credit for Stock and Stores issued to water works	3,467	7	0	
(3)	Do for Stock issued to Hill works	2,415	0	3	
(4)	Do for Stock issued to State works	36,485	0	6	
(5)	Refund of Advancees (Cash credit and Book credit)	6,222	2	3	
(6)	Assignment from Hill Budget	9,660	5	4	
	Valley Grand Total (Including O. B.)	11,96,257	2	11	

APPENDIX XXVII A.

Statement showing the actual Expenditure for the
year 1937-38. (Valley Budget)

Major Hd. No.	Name of Head of Expenditure.	Actual Expenditure			Remarks
		1	2	3	
		Rs.	A.	P.	
1	Administration	...	...	82,235	13 0
2	Land Revenue	...	...	58,266	14 4
4	Foreigners Revenue	...	...	3,687	8 9
5	Forest	...	...	8,316	12 3
6	Law and Justice	...	...	21,320	0 7
7	Maharaja's Civil List	...	...	1,35,528	6 7
8	State Works	...	...	1,23,624	11 2
9	Military Police	...	...	34,153	12 1
10	Civil Police	...	...	23,580	15 8
11	Jail	...	...	17,860	10 10
12	Medical	...	...	37,503	11 2
13	Education	...	...	52,729	3 11
14	Property in British India	...	...	1,655	12 0
15	Payment	...	...	47,080	0 0
16	Registration	...	...	3,406	2 0
17	Veterinary	...	...	5,203	11 9
18	State Press	...	...	5,138	10 8
19	Gratuity and Pension	...	...	10,581	9 0
20	Arts and Crafts	...	...	13,057	3 9
Total		...	...	1,684,940	9 6
(1)	Purchase of P. W. D. Stock and Stores	...	...	51,628	9 7
(2)	Purchase of Uniform materials	...	...	1,891	3 3
(3)	Advances including Permanent Advance	...	...	4,591	0 0
(4)	Investment	...	...	2,00,787	6 6
(5)	Assignment to Hill Budget	...	...	75,804	5 4
Grand total of Valley Budget		...	...	10,19,643	2 2
Expenditure		...	...	1,76,614	0 9
Closing balance		...	...	—	—
Total		...	...	11,96,257	2 11

APPENDIX XXVII (B).

Actuals of the Hill tribes Budget for 1937-38.

<u>R E C E I P T S</u>		<u>E X P E N D I T U R E</u>	
1. Hill House tax	Rs. 86,177/ 5/0	1. Hill administration	Rs. 39,356/ 5/ 2
2. Law and Justice	5,109/ 6/0	2. P. W. D.	29,975/ 15/ 6
3. Fines	1,628/ 10/6	3. Education	18,406/ 6/10
4. Salt	576 12/0	4. Medical	27,682/ 10/ 5
5. Forest	33 8/0	5. Pension & Gratuity	115 2/ 0
6. Miscellaneous	3,310/ 4/9	Total	Rs. 1,15,536/ 7/11
	Total Rs. 96,835/ 14/3	Add assignments to Valley :-	
Add assignments for Valley		6. one fifth of P. M. S. D's pay	
7. Remitted Tribute for 1937-38	35,000/ 0/0	actually Paid for 1937-38	3,684/ 13/ 4
8. Mao Road contribution	30,000/ 0/0	7. Half Y. A. of do	375 8/ 0
9. $\frac{1}{3}$ of Excise duty on Matches		8. Contribution for the State	
actually received by the State		staff and forms for 1937-38 as	
from Government in 1937-38	10,804 5/4	on Page 62 of budget	700/ 0/ 0
	Grand total Rs. 1,72,640 3/7	9. do do for Jail	1,000 0/ 0
Add opening Balance on 1-7-37	9,591 3/5	10. do do for Audit	900 0/ 0
	1,82,231 7/0	11. do do for Tribute	3,000 0/ 0
		Grand total	1,35,196 13/ 3
		Add closing Balance on 30-6-38	57,034 9/ 9
			1,82,231 7/ 0

APPENDIX XXVII (C).

Actuals of Water works Budget for 1937-38.

<u>R E C E I P T S</u>		<u>E X P E N D I T U R E</u>	
1. Opening balance on 1-7-37	Rs. 29,470/ 6/4	1. Establishment	Rs. 2,890/ 14/0
2. Water rate	" 11,299/ 6/0	2. T. A.	" 13/ 0
3. Interest from Investments	" 6,000/ 0/0	3. Contingencies including works	
4. Fines	" 2,694/ 2/6	and adjustments	10,698/ 0/0
5. Miscellaneous	" 674/ 2/3	4. Purchase of Stock & Store	9,721/ 15/2
	Rs. 50,138/ 1/1	Total	Rs. 23,221/ 0/2
Credits from Stock and store of			
Water Works.			
6. (a) Cash credit	" 636/ 15/6	Closing Balance on 30-6-38	32,545/ 9/5
(b) Book credit for issue to	" 15/ 4/0	Grand Total	Rs. 55,766/ 9/7
State works			
(c) Book credit for issue to			
Water Works	" 4,976/ 5/0		
	Grand Total Rs. 55,766/ 9/7		

APPENDIX XXVIII.

Assets and Liabilities of the Manipur State on 1st July, 1938.

Assets	Liabilities
1. Invested in Government 5% Loan ; 1945-55 1,40,000-0- 0 (face value)	Nil ...
2. Do do 4% Loan ; 1960-70 1,75,000-0- 0 (face value)	
3. Fixed deposit with I. B. of India, Calcutta 52,541- 7- 0	
4. House Building Advances outstanding ... 2,546-10- 0	
5. Miscellaneous Advances outstanding ... 1,611- 0- 0	
6. Agricultural Loan outstanding 2,437-8- 0	
7. Capital invested in Hydro Electric Scheme ... 1,08,567-8- 0	
8. Flood damage Loan taken by Hydro Electric Board 36,385-0- 0	
9. Departmental Permanent Advances ... 11,790-0- 0	
10. Cash balance in Treasury and Bank ... 2,66,194-3-11	Balance Rs. 7,97,073-4-11
Total Rs. ... 7,97,073-4-11	Rs. 7,97,073-4-11

APPENDIX XXIX.

Valley.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Manipur State
during the year 1937-38 (1st July to 30th June).

Dispensaries	Number of patients treated		Results of the indoor patients						Operations		Remarks	
	Outdoor	Indoor	Discharged				Remaining under treatment	Daily average attendance	Major	Minor		
			Cured	Recovered	Otherwise	Died						
Civil Hospital	15,867	608	471	61	29	15	29	190.06	225	722		
Palace Dispensary	3,756							10.20		20		
Police Hospital	643	82	64	8	4		6	12.90		20		
Jail Hospital	752	60	35	8	4	10	3	22.90		34		
Bishenpur Dispensary	7,108							22.01				
Kakching Hospital	11,147	21	10	11				35.60		114		
Morang Dispensary	16,192	17	10	3	4			56.25	1	226		
Jhimbam Hospital	11,236	34	25	7		1		36.41		59		
Imphal Leper Asylum	776	53	2	26	3		22	10.01		3		
Total	97,477	875	67	127	14	26	61	126.96	226	1,198		

APPENDIX XXX.

Hills.

Statement of Medical relief afforded in the Manipur State during
the year 1937-38 (1st July to 30th June).

Dispensaries	Number of Patients treated		Results of the indoor patients						Operations		Remarks	
	Outdoor	Indoor	Discharged				Remaining under treatment	Daily average attendance	Major	Minor		
			Cured	Recovered	Otherwise	Died						
Tamenlong Hospital	11,226	70	53	8	8	1		35.70		50		
Ukhrul	19,161	254	232	14	7	1		63.52	2	36		
Churachandpur	16,853	151	112	30	5	1	3	53.43		78		
Mao	20,731	9	7	1		1		56.02		40		
Shuganu Dispensary	8,838	8	2	5		1		24.95		25		
Sitapaboi Hospital	14,673	59	47	10	2			47.13		87		
Kangpokpi Dispensary	9,735	16	7	6	3			33.09		33		
Thanlon	11,343	45	35	2	7		1	36.89		18		
Total	1,12,560	612	495	76	32	5	4	350.73	2	367		

APPENDIX XXXL

Statistical returns of Primary Schools in the Valley under the direct control of the State Education Department
for the year 1937-38.

Serial No.	Kind of School	Number of pupils on the roll on the 30th June, 1938				Classification of pupils on the basis of languages they study				Classification of Pupils on the basis of religion				Remarks			
		Number of school		Average monthly attendances	Average daily attendance	English	Hindi	Sanskrit	Bengali	Arabic, Persian and Urdu	Marathi	Hindu	Muslim	Naga			
		Boys	Girls														
1	Upper Primary	3	429	9	383.33	332.58	438	...	...	438	...	3	435	...	11	
2	Lower Primary	81	7,019	115	6,835.96	5,071.70	957	31	104	24	588	6,567	53	732	6,316	16	
3	Girls' School	4	..	180	193.99	136.20	19	...	...	180	...	...	180	...	...	17
Grand Total		188	7,448	304	7,413.25	5,540.45	1,414	31	101	24	588	7,485	53	735	6,931	16	17

APPENDIX XXXII

Showing number of deaths from Contagious diseases and other causes amongst cattle during the year 1937-38

District	Equine						Bovine			Others	
	1	2	Glanders	3	4	5	Suif	6	7	8	Dogs
1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Manipur											
Total											

APPENDIX XXXIII

Summary of result of preventive inoculation in the Manipur State during the year 1937-38

District	1	2	Name of disease against which inoculation was given	3	Method of inoculation	4						5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954</th

APPENDIX XXXIV.

APPENDIX XXXIVA.

Statement showing the Expenditure incurred on the State Works in the valley during the year 1937-1938.

Name of Works.	Total of Sub-Head	Total of Major Head	Remarks
(a) Upkeep of Roads, Bridges and Culverts.			
1st Class Valley Roads	8,194-15-11		
2nd and 3rd Class Valley Roads	5,905- 9- 4		
River protection	1,876- 8- 2		
Valley Bridges maintenance	12,022- 5-10		
Culverts	4,612- 6- 6	32,671-13- 9	
(b) Improvements and Renewals.			
Langthabal Burnish Road diversion	2,935-12- 0		
Completion of Khomidok River bund	621-14- 0		
Kumbi Road D.R. No. 912 of 20-1-32	3,998-15-10		
Hiyangthang bund continuation	1,910- 9- 0		
Renewals of Sawombung Bridge	14,097- 0- 4		
1 Pukhao Road bridge at 4th mile	2- 4- 0		
1 Yairipok Road bridge at 6th mile	1,321-14- 0		
Renewal of Sungamer Bridge	9,993- 6- 6		
Renewal of Steel Cross beams in place of wood for Thoubal bridge	1,734- 1- 3		
Seknajin Bridge completion	3,852- 7- 6	40,487-15- 2	
(c) Upkeep of Offices in Imphal.			
State Office and connected buildings	310-14- 1		
Land Revenue Office	282- 4- 6		
P. W. D. Office and Workshop	549- 5-10		
Jail Buildings	199- 7- 0		
Cherap and Puncayet Courts	162-15- 1		
Press Buildings	68- 6- 7		
Police Office and Barracks	243-15- 4		
M. S. P. Barracks etc.	412-15- 6		
Imphal Civil Hospital and Buildings	536- 8- 8		
Lepper Asylum	149- 1- 6		
Infectious disease ward	1-12- 0		
Veterinary Hospital and buildings	147- 8-10		
Johnstone School	152-12- 3		
Education Office	50- 0- 0	3,297-15- 2	
(d) Upkeep of Residences in Imphal.			
Palace Main Block and Buildings	2,979- 2-10		
Shree Govindajee's Temple and Buildings	406-11- 9		
Langthabal Bungalow and out houses	171- 6- 0		
P. M. S. D's Bungalow No. 6	307-12- 9		
State Engineer's Bungalow No. 1	372- 3- 0		
Purejolombu Bungalow (Palace Office)	565-14- 9		
Small Bungalow No. 3	178- 3- 8		
Dak Bungalow and out houses No. 4	283-11- 4		
Bungalow No. 5 Arts and Crafts or Companions	104- 2- 6		
Sub-Divisional Officer's Bungalow No. 2	338- 0- 5		
Seraikha	49-15- 9		
Babupara Houses	1,341- 5- 1	7,098- 9-10	
(e) Upkeep of State Buildings Outside Imphal.			
Valley Puncayet Courts	22- 1- 9		
Toll gates and houses	6- 6- 0		
Valley Rest Houses	117- 9- 2		
Land Revenue Camps	183- 4- 1		
Valley Thums	175- 1- 3		
Dispensaries	52- 9- 6		
“ Schools	3,247-14- 8	3,798-11- 5	
(f) Miscellaneous.			
Workshop Tools and Plants	3,977-12- 9		
Tent, Furniture etc.	429- 4- 6		
Office Contingencies	458- 0- 1		
Electric Power charges	168- 4- 0		
State Street lights	843-12- 0	5,868- 1- 4	
Jiribam.			
Repairs to Cachar Road and Bridges	399-11- 6		
“ Manbahadur Limboo Road	198- 0- 0		
“ Hospital and connected buildings	285-11- 3		
“ Manzadur and Staff quarters	247-13- 0		
“ Police Barracks and Staff quarters	191-10- 0		
“ Land Revenue Camps	50-10- 0		
“ Rest houses	249- 2- 6		
Seraikha reconstruction	47-11- 0		
Tank at Jiribam (Unforeseen)	138-10- 0	1,808-15- 3	
Carried over Total		95,032-1-11	

APPENDIX XXXIVA (Concluded).

Statement showing the Expenditure incurred on the State Works during the year 1937-38.

Name of Works	Total of Sub-Head	Total of Major Head	Remarks
Brought Forward		95 032-4-41	
Original Works.			
Electric Wiring Auditor's quarter	109-14-3		
Double Unit quarter for Jailer & Deputy Jailer	2,178-11-3		
Construction of New Building for Forests	860- 2-0		
Police Bazar sheds and Latrines	286-14-3		
To fit Electric Light in Sadar Panchayet Court	15- 0-0		
Lighting alterations in Judicial Office	2-14-0		
Record Room for Cherap and Sadar Panchayet Court	1,810-13-6	5 264-5- 3	
Grand Total Rs		1,00,296-7- 2	

APPENDIX XXXIV (B).

Statement showing the Expenditure incurred on the State Works in the Hills during the year 1937-1938.

Name of Works	Total of Sub-Head	Total of Major Head	Remarks
Establishment's pay	950- 0- 0	950- 0- 0	
Upkeep of Buildings.			
Churachandpur quarters ...	94- 7- 6		
Do. Dispensary and out houses ...	199-10- 9		
Do. Dispensary Staff quarters ...	179- 3- 6		
Do. School building ...	47- 2- 0		
Do. Do. quarters ...	155- 0- 6		
Sadr Rest houses ...	307-15- 0		
Do. Hospital and Staff quarters ...	190-15-11		
Chinga School ...	41- 5- 3		
Medical Buildings Kangpokpi ...	147-10- 6		
Staff quarters ...	145- 2- 6		
Thangmeiband Mission Buildings ...	52- 5- 9	1,560-15- 2	
Upkeep of Bridges.			
Cachar Road Bridges ...	1,531-12- 3		
Muktakhal ...	0- 0- 0		
Tamenglong Road Bridges ...	938- 7- 6		
Kangpokpi Road Bridges ...	0- 0- 0		
Churachandpur Road Bridges ...	5-12- 0		
Monbi Road Bridges ...	8- 5- 9		
Burmah Road Bridges ...	327-15- 0		
Heirok ...	70- 5- 6		
Ukbrul ...	372-12- 0	3,255- 6- 0	
Original Works.			
Rethatching of Staff quarter at Kangpokpi ...	145- 4- 0		
Tuivai Bridge completion ...	1,167-10- 3		
T.A. for Establishment ...	429 11- 0	1,742- 9- 3	
Grand Total Rs.		7,508-14- 5	

APPENDIX XXXIV C.

Statement showing the Expenditure incurred
during the year 1937-1938.

Name of works	Total of Sub-Head	Total of Major Head	Remarks
(a) Establishment	832- 0- 0	832-0-0	
(b) Upkeep.			
Head Works	142-12- 2		
Weir and bunds	199-11- 0		
Tanks and Plinths	256- 8- 0		
Bursts and Leaks	311-10- 9		
Push Cocks and Taps	248- 9- 3		
Pipe Line and Bridges	1,042-11- 0		
Engine Oil etc. including Chlorine	541- 9-10	2,743-8-0	
Original Works.			
Replacing Steel Pipes	1,999-11- 6		
Suspension Bridge for Pipe line either Maxwell Bazar or Sagolbund Meino Leirak	2,579- 4- 6		
Surveys	0- 0- 0		
Short cut Works	59- 0- 0		
Extension of Hydrant in Imphal etc.	2,856- 0- 0	7,494-0-0	
Grand Total	...	11,069-8-0	

APPENDIX XXXIV D.

Statement showing the Expenditure incurred on the Shillong Property
in British India, during the year 1937-1938.

Name of Works	Total of Sub Head	Total of Major Head	Remarks
Establishment.			
Shillong.			
Establishment's pay	660- 0-0		
Agent's fixed allowance for Contingencies	60- 0-0	720- 0-0	
Repair and Maintenance.			
Redlands and Lechatelet and out houses	125- 0-0		
Completion of fencing and existing building	113-15-0	238-15-0	
Contingencies.			
Municipal Taxes	621- 1-0		
Miscellaneous	2- 1-0	623- 5-0	
Gauhati Property.			
Agent's pay	60- 0-0		
Contingencies	13- 8-0	73- 8-0	
Grand Total	Rs. ...	1,655-12-0	...

APPENDIX XXXV.

Showing number of animals treated and castrated at veterinary Hospital during the year 1937-38.

District	Number of Veterinary Surgeons		Number of in-patients treated during the year						Number of out-patients treated during the year						Total number of cases supplied with medicines but not brought to the Hospital						Castration performed		Remarks	
			In-patients			Out-patients			In-patients			Out-patients			In-patients			Out-patients						
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
1	1	1	11	5	50	60	177	1212	1328	1365	1370	1	958	15	920	2	24	10	21					
Manipur State	1	1	11	5	50	60	177	1212	1328	1365	1370	1	958	15	920	2	24	10	21					
Total	1	1	14	5	50	60	177	1212	1328	1365	1370	15	958	15	920	2	26	10	21					

APPENDIX XXXVI.

List of British Indian Acts and Rules adopted in the Manipur State
Excluding British Reserve.

Serial No.	Name of Act or Rule	Darbar Resolution enforcing or adopting the act or rule	Remarks
1	2	3	4
1	(a) Civil Service Regulations (b) Fundamental Rules with Subsidiary Rules of Assam (c) Civil Account Code Vol. I	Vide Manipur State Account Rules	Assam Pension Manual has been abandoned in favour of Civil Service Regulations for State Pension purposes. [vide D. R. No. 21 R dated 9-11-36] with effect from 1-10-36.
2	Civil Procedure Code Section 562-565	Darbar Resolution No. 3 or 31-3-1909	Vide Rules Promulgated by His Highness.
3	Government Servants' Conduct Rules	Darbar Resolution No. 1 of 6-9-16	ditto
4	Indian Motor Vehicles Act No. VIII of 1914	Darbar Resolution No. 8 of 17-10-1917	
5	Indian Opium Act I of 1878 and Rules framed therunder for Assam	Darbar Resolution No. 12 of 1-9-21	
6	[Rules for issuing] Prospecting Licenses and Mining leases	Darbar Resolution No. 13 of 17-9-21	
7	Section 7 and 29 of the Police Act 1861	Darbar Resolution No. 9 of 1-2-25	Vide Rules for the management of the State of Manipur.
8	The Assam Rifles Act 1920 - Act I of 1920	Darbar Resolution No. 9 of 4-2-25 Do. 15 of 19-11-28 Do. 7 of 8-5-29	ditto
9	Cruelty to Animals Act	Darbar Resolution No. 12 of 18-11-25	
10	The Indian Arms Act Manual, Assam 1927 sees 45 and 46]		Only Hill tribes are allowed arms under license by President Manipur State Darbar [Hill] vide Eastern Bengal and Assam letter No. 4783P dated 8th September 1909 to Political Agent in Manipur.
11	Indian Radio Broadcasting Licenses - Telegraph Acts 1882-1914]	Darbar Resolution Nos. 4 of 2-4-26 and 9 of 14-6-28	
12	Identification of Prisoners Act XXXVII of 1920	Darbar Resolution Nos. 10 of 20-3-29 and 2 of 6-11-29	
13	Epidemic Diseases Act of 1897 (III of 1897)	Darbar Resolution No. 12 of 8-5-29	
14	Indian Extradition Act 1903	Darbar Resolution No. 1(A) of 8-11-29	
15	Indian Registration Act XVI of 1908	Darbar Resolution Nos. 6A of 16-9-31 and 4A of 15-8-34	Adopted in spirit.
16	Whipping Act	Darbar Resolution No. 5(A) of 7-12-32	
17	Indian Limitation Act	Darbar Resolution No. 1(A) of 23-8-33	
18	Matches [Excise duty] Act 1934	Darbar Resolution Nos. 1(A) of 17-4-34 and 4(A) of 18-9-35	
19	The Assam Students and Juvenile Smoking Act. 1923	Darbar Resolution No. 1(A) of 30-3-36	
20	Indian Treasure Trove Act	Darbar Resolution Nos. 2(A) of 9-11-36 and 17(R) of 28-2-36	
21	Assam Motor Taxation Act	Darbar Resolution No. 1(R) of 18-3-37 *	* Applicable only to the British Reserve and Mao-Imphal Road.
22	Co-operative Society Act 13 of 1912	Darbar Resolution Nos. 1(A) of 21-5-37 and (2)A of 1-7-37	

